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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 54 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

GONDAL RASA-SHALA AUSHADHASHRAM
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Hitler Tries New Deal With Turkey

Von Papen Sees President Ineunu

SPECULATIONS ABOUT MYSTERY MESSAGE

Road Clear For British Bombers: Berlin Hint To Greece

LONDON, March 4.

VON PAPEN, the German Ambassador, was to-day received by President Ineunu of Turkey and read out to him a personal message from Hitler, states the Ankara wireless.

The announcer said: "The President listened to the message with great attention and begged von Papen to convey his thanks to the Fuehrer for this act of courtesy".

M. Sarajoglu, the Turkish Foreign Minister, was present at the interview which took place at the President's Castle at Chankaya near Ankara.

HITLER'S COURIER FOR ANKARA

ANKARA, March 3.

A German plane landed in Istanbul on Monday bringing, it is believed, a courier with a special message from Hitler to the Turkish President.

Hitler's courier bringing a message from him to the Turkish President has arrived in Ankara.

It was earlier reported that the German Government had asked for special landing facilities for the German aeroplane bringing the courier.

It is stated that the German courier who has arrived by plane with a message for the Turkish President was Dr. Pfisterer of the Wilhelmstrasse, who is reported to be the bearer of important documents for Herr von Papen, the German Ambassador.

Attempt At Intimidation

There is a flood of rumours regarding the contents of Hitler's message to the Turkish President and these range from Nazi attempts at bribery to open threats.

All reports are agreed that Germany is not happy about the temperament of Turkey. This temperament was exemplified by the Ankara radio last night when the announcer described the German occupation of Bulgaria as the murder of yet another country's freedom. The Turkish announcer said that if Bulgaria honestly believes that the country will be immune from war by her accession to the Three-Power Pact, she may soon realise her mistake and be involved in war with all its horrors. The Turkish people, he said, are watching the events with calm and confidence in their leaders.

It is emphasised in London that the firm tone of the Ankara radio may be taken as representing the views of the entire Turkish nation.

Turkey On The Vigil

Turkey is watching the situation arising from the occupation of Bulgaria very closely and it is expected that she will shortly take a series of extraordinary defence measures to safeguard her interests which, if not directly threatened, are at least compromised by the occupation of Bulgaria. As Turkey's neighbour, Bulgaria would appear to lie within the Turkish "Zone of Security" recently referred to by Mr. Sarajoglu.

"Gravity" Of Turkey's Position

Decision to compel all vessels using the Straits to be piloted by Turkish pilots was taken in accordance with the provisions of the Montreux Convention which ordains that "should Turkey consider herself threatened with imminent danger of war", she is entitled to insist that vessels should enter the Straits by day and proceed along a route indicated by the Turkish authorities.

The decision to act under the Montreux Convention shows with what gravity the present position is viewed.

Road Clear For Britain

"Nobody believes that the German occupation of Bulgaria will end the war in the Balkans, on the contrary it removes the only obstacle preventing the British from bombing the Rumanian oilfields," writes Atay, Editor of the semi-official newspaper "Ulus."

"The British do not need to declare war on Bulgaria if they want to attack across Bulgaria. All they need do is to repeat Marshal Graziani's 'communique' when he attacked Egypt.

The Bulgarians have repeatedly given Turkey assurances, but their value now depends solely on how far they conform with German plans, because it is Berlin, not Sofia, which decides. We have done everything to assuage Bulgarian apprehensions and secure her help in defending peace in the Balkans.

Now it only remains for us to hope for the impossible. Like the other occupations the move into Bulgaria has been done for political and strategic reasons. Politically it is aimed at bringing pressure on the Balkan States and raising the Italian morale. The strategic aim is known only to the German High Command."

BRITONS PREPARE TO LEAVE BULGARIA

Diplomatic Rupture Imminent

SOFIA, March 4.

With the rupture of diplomatic relations between Britain and Bulgaria imminent, the British Colony in Sofia spent Monday preparing for departure, probably for Istanbul Via Burgas, Apart from the Legation and Consular Staffs only three Britons are at present in Sofia.

RUPTURE IMMINENT.

It is learned in London to-day that severance of diplomatic relations between Great Britain and Bulgaria may be expected within the next 24 hours.

The news of the breaking off diplomatic relations between Great Britain and Bulgaria is expected to be first announced in Sofia as the decision has been left in the hands of Mr. Rendel, the British Minister, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

RUPTURE IS NOT WAR.

It is probable that Mr. Rendel will not leave directly relations are broken off, as he has a number of things to attend to before his departure. For some little time past the Legation staff in Sofia has been gradually reduced The severance of diplomatic relations with Bulgaria does not necessarily mean that a declaration of war will follow.

In this connection, however, it is observed that the Bulgarians are taking any number of measures distinctly unneutral and that British policy is "to seek out the Germans wherever they may be and destroy them."

BERLIN HINT TO GREECE

No Diplomatic Rupture: But Relations Not Good

BERLIN, March 4.

An official statement regarding Germany's attitude towards Greece was handed to foreign journalists in Berlin to-day, stating: "Now as hitherto diplomatic relations exist between Berlin and Athens, but general relations between the two countries can hardly be described as good since Greece has harnessed herself to British interests."—Reuter.

Eden To Prolong Stay In Athens

ATHENS, March 4.

Mr. Eden and Sir John Dill are expected to spend several days in Athens.

Talks with the Greek authorities lasting several hours took place on Sunday night. Mr. Eden on Monday was the guest at luncheon of the Greek Premier, M. Korizis. One Greek evening paper celebrated Mr. Eden's arrival in Athens by printing its leading article in English. On Monday night, Mr. Eden and Sir John Dill attended a dinner at the British Legation.—Reuter.

ITALIAN ARMY IN ALBANIA

LONDON, March 4.

The Italian Army in Albania "at a moderate estimate" amounts to 450,000 excluding reserve divisions, stated the Athens radio.

It has been definitely established that 24 divisions are in action from each of which prisoners have fallen into Greek hands.

In addition, the radio adds, there are 26 battalions of Blackshirts, 18 battalions of Custom House Guards, Machine-gunners and Carabinieri.—Reuter.

ITALIANS SUFFER HEAVY LOSSES

LONDON, March 4.

The Greeks continue to hurl back the Italians, and on Saturday repelled two heavy Italian attacks, states the Athens radio quoting the Greek Press Ministry.

The first attack at sunset failed despite strong artillery preparation and the Greeks finding from 5,000 feet heights stopped the Italian advance. The second attack was made after dark and met with like fate plus great losses.

A Greek War "communique" broadcast by the Athens radio states: "There was action by small infantry detachments. There was intensive and successful atillery activity. Our air force has shot down two enemy aircraft. No damage done to our aircraft."—Reuter.

KALAPPA SEES GANDHIJI

Advised Not To Offer Satyagraha Again Till Instructed

NAGPUR, March 4.

Mr. V. R. Kalappa M.L.A., President of the All-India Trade Union Congress and Secretary of the Congress Assembly Party in the Central Provinces saw Gandhiji this afternoon.

It is understood that Gandhiji has advised him to look after his health first and devote his time to labour and constructive work and not to offer Satyagraha again till he is instructed.—United Press.

King Receives Churchill

Col. Donovan & De Gaulle Also See His Majesty

LONDON, March 4.

The King gave audiences today to three important statesmen. The first was General de Gaulle. It was the first time the King received the leader of the Free French forces, though he had met General de Gaulle when he inspected Free French units.

The second visitor was President Roosevelt's unofficial representative, Colonel Donovan.

The third visitor was Mr. Churchill.—Reuter.

BERLIN DENIES IT!

Yugoslav Minister's Visit

BERLIN, March 4.

A report circulated abroad to the effect that the Yugoslav Foreign Minister has allegedly gone to Germany is denied in Wilhelmstrasse, according to a statement issued by the German Official News Agency.—Reuter.

AMERY ON DECISIVE STAGE IN WAR

LONDON, March 4.

"To the sound of German tanks and guns rumbling across Bulgaria, the curtain is rising on a new Act—3—it may be the supreme and decisive act—of a great world drama," declared Mr. Amery, Secretary for India, at a London luncheon.

Mr. Amery added: "Apart from the threat to vital points in our Empire in the east, the gravest danger, a blow at the heart, still confronts us nearer home. Here and here alone can Hitler hope to achieve that swift decision, without which he is doomed to disaster".—Reuter.

No British Troops At Salonika

ATHENS, March 4.

The statement by Sgr. Gayda in the Italian newspaper "Giornale d'Italia" that British troops have been landed at Salonika during the past few days was "formally and categorically" denied by the Greek News Agency.—Reuter.

SMUTS AT NAIROBI

Attends Conference At Govt. House

NAIROBI, March 4.

General Smuts who arrived here to-day was met by Lieut. General Alan Cunningham, General Officer Commanding, Italian Somaliland front and by the Governor of Kenya. General Smuts was accompanied by General Sir P. Van Ryneveld, the Union's Chief of Staff with whom he attended a conference at Government House immediately after his arrival.—Reuter.

Bulmo Buti Occupied

Operations in Eritrea and Abyssinia continue to develop well.

Iscia Baidoa and Bulmo Buti have been occupied, states an official communique.

Administration Of Occupied Territories

Lieutenant General Cunningham, General Officer Commanding the British Forces in East Africa, has issued a formal proclamation covering the Government of occupied territories. These territories include all those "formerly ruled, claimed or occupied by the Italian Government in Ethiopia and Somaliland". These have been placed under military jurisdiction.—Reuter.

OFFICER COMMANDING PUNJAB ARSENAL FOUND DEAD

LAHORE, March 4.

Lt.-Col. A. D. M. Jameson, Commanding Ferozepur Arsenal, and his wife were found dead in the dressing room of their bungalow yesterday afternoon, according to a report received here from Ferozepore.

It is reported that Lt.-Colonel Jameson came to his residence for lunch and immediately afterwards a report of three shots was heard. Later the Officer and his wife were found dead, with a revolver and three empty cartridges lying by their side.

Police investigation is in progress.—A. P.

DOOR-TO-DOOR ANTI-WAR PROPAGANDA

Mahatma Approves New Plan Of Satyagraha Campaign

WARDHAGANJ, March 4.

"Door-to-door anti-war propaganda by Congress Satyagrahis has been permitted by Mahatma Gandhi, provided the residents do not object", stated Mr. Shankaran, Secretary of the Tamil Nad P. C. C., after he saw Mahatma Gandhi to-day. He added that this form of Satyagraha would be resorted to from next week.

Mr. Shankaran said that Mahatma Gandhi approved another list of 1,607 Congressmen for offering Satyagraha. He said that 140 Satyagrahis from the south including five ladies, are now marching towards Delhi. Mahatma Gandhi has insisted that Satyagrahis from the south, Mr. Shankaran said, should learn Hindi if they are to march towards Delhi.

Mr. Shankaran left for Madras to-night.—A. P.

SATYAGRAHIS AND PUBLIC MEETINGS

AHMEDABAD, March 4.

Acharya J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary of the A. I. C. C., has issued a circular to all the Provincial Congress Committees deprecating holding of regular meetings, especially in towns and cities, instead of shouting slogans and explaining them to those who may have by chance collected at the appointed place.

The circular states: "If intending Satyagrahis are keen upon addressing meetings, such meetings should be organised before notice of Satyagraha is sent to the authorities. In such meetings the Congress policy and the stand that it has taken may be fully explained, without uttering anti-war slogans."

The circular adds: "Reports have reached this office that intending Satyagrahis, in order to defeat the attempts of the authorities to arrest them before the appointed time, have left their usual places of residence and appeared suddenly at the time and the place where Satyagraha was announced to be offered, and shouted slogans or held meetings. The obvious object for adopting such a course is to complete the act of Satyagraha.

However laudable such a desire may be, it must be noted that such action is against the instructions of Gandhiji and according to him, against the true spirit of Satyagraha. If a Satyagrahi is arrested before he has shouted slogans, he must consider his Satyagraha complete by his arrest."—A. P.

Nazi Aircraft Raids Suez Canal

INTENSIVE BOMBING OF CARDIFF

Luftwaffe Concentrates On Ports To Dislocate U. S. Supplies

LONDON, March 4.

Enemy aircraft raided Suez Canal area last night. Some bombs were dropped, but there were no casualties, states a Ministry of Interior Communique.

It is now learned that the enemy aircraft which bombed Cardiff last night was destroyed by anti-aircraft fire.

"One of the greatest fire raids of war" was the description given by public officials this morning to last night's intensive raid on Cardiff. "I doubt if any town had more incendiaries showered on it in one raid", the chief constable told Reuter.

Buildings laid waste include churches, several schools and an institute and some shops. One hospital was hit, while operations on casualties were in progress, but thanks to the work of the nurses and staff, there were no injuries.

Flash And Explosion

At the height of the raid, there was a big flash in the sky, and sparks flew in all directions, and a moment later, there was a terrific explosion. The greatest number of incendiaries the town has yet known was scattered indiscriminately and widely.

Successive waves of raiders poured firebombs and high explosives into several fires. Many poor houses were destroyed, but a heavy ground barrage met the raiders, one of which is believed to have been brought down.

The casualties are believed to be fairly heavy.

There is a noticeable change from indiscriminate bombing of London and big provincial cities to a more calculated blockade campaign, chiefly against coastal towns, writes Reuters Air Correspondent.

The German Air Force in the West is devoting its efforts to dislocating the flow of American supplies to Britain by raiding shipping, minelaying in harbour approaches and bombing ports.

So far, Germany, it is thought, has sent some 600 'planes into the Balkans, though the forward bases in Bulgaria are not yet believed to be ready, and the German force there is believed to be deficient in long range bombers capable of worrying Britain's Eastern Mediterranean bases.

The German air force in Sicily and South Italy is believed to consist of three to four hundred 'planes, used for attacking British war ships and convoys in the Central Mediterranean, and some troop carriers taking Nazi personnel and supplies to Tripoli.

Some military observers believe that the Luftwaffe will carry the major burden on Nazi offensive action in the Balkans, the Mediterranean and against Britain with the opening of a new campaigning season, but irrespective of the surprises the other British services may be preparing, the R.A.F. is ready to meet the challenge by strong counter-action.—Reuter.

Surrender Of Kufra Oasis

Another Holy Place Surrenders

CAIRO, March 4.

With the surrender of Kufra Oasis in Southern Libya, yet another holy place, Senussi has been freed from the Italian invader. To complete the operations resulting in the fall of the oasis, a party of Free French forces marched 500 miles from their desert base. A military spokesman told Reuter, "only two oasis, Kufra and Gerabub, which might have conceivably threatened the Allies have been put out of action.—Reuter.

RAIDS ON SOUTHERN ABYSSINIA

NAIROBI, March 4.

Raids by the South African Air Force are recorded in a communique issued here. The communique says that on March first and second, the South African Air Force carried out raids on Southern Abyssinia. On March 1st a fortified enemy position, north of Havello was bombed, and on the following day, a bombing raid was made on positions near Cabata.

R. A. F. BUSY IN CORFU

Five enemy aircraft were shot down by R. A. F. fighters in Corfu area yesterday, says an R. A. F. Middle East communique.—Reuter.

R. A. F. ATTACK ON COLOGNE

LONDON, March 4.

The R. A. F. made a heavy and successful attack last night on Cologne, which was the main target of the British raid.—Reuter.

Nazi Bomber Crashes On Irish Coast

DUBLIN, March 4.

A Nazi bomber is reported to have crashed on Monday near Rosslare on the coast in the county of Wexford. One member of the crew was killed and four others were interned.

The German plane made a forced landing at Tacumshin a few miles from Carnsore point in county Wexford at 2-45 p.m. on Monday, says an Eirean official statement.

A dead officer was taken from the plane. Four other members of the crew were uninjured and have been interned.

At an inquest held this evening a verdict was returned that the officer's death was due to bullet wound and severe burns.—Reuter.

The rice crop this year in Madras Province is satisfactory. The area under the second crop is expected to be above normal, according to a press note issued to-day.

R. A. F. POUNDS INVASION PORTS

LONDON, March 3.

The R. A. F. made a heavy attack on invasion ports on the French Coast on Monday night.

From the south coast of England the raid was clearly visible but a stiff wind in the straits muffled the sound of explosions.

Above Calais and Boulogne great flashes lighted up the sky and scores of searchlights were in action along twenty miles of the French Coast.—Reuter.

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Wanted Salesman either sex on Commission Basis only. Market experience is necessary. Apply Reform Chemical Industries, Post Box 5541, Bombay. (14704)

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Large and Small Bills of Military and I.S.D. Suppliers Cashed on Production Acceptance Note. Terms interest, commission. Please write Post Box 928, Bombay. (14794)

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4441

Public Notices

THE TATA OIL MILLS CO., LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate for one Share No. 62745 of the above named Company registered in my name has been LOST or MISPLACED. Any persons claiming in respect of these shares should lodge their claim at the Registered Office of the Company, Bombay House, 24 Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay within one month from this date; otherwise the Company will proceed with the issue of duplicate certificate.

A. N. PADMANABHA SHENOY.
14300

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NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of "B" Capital Five shares numbered 1066,1070 in the name of Popat Lalji of Gondal (Kathiawar) Duplicate Shares certificates will be issued unless valid objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

HEERJI OMERSEY & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.

Bombay 5-3-41. (4473)

Legal Notices

IN THE DISTRICT OF AMRITSAR

IN THE COURT OF LALA TARA CHAND AGGARWAL
Commercial Sub-Judge 1st Class, Amritsar.

Civil Suit No. 83 of 1940.

THE BUCKINGHAM & CARNATIC CO., LTD. .. Plaintiffs.

vs.

Messrs. MELA RAM LACHMAN DASS, a firm, carrying on business as cloth merchants at Katra Ahluwalia, Amritsar .. Defendants.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client The Buckingham & Carnatic Co., Ltd., of Madras, manufacturers of textile piecegoods, are the owners of the "Ship on Globe" or "Gola Chhap" trade mark which is used by them, inter alia, on crepe cloth of their manufacture. A specimen of the said trade mark is reproduced below.

In or about June, 1939, our clients learnt that the Defendants abovenamed were selling in Amritsar crepe cloth, not of our clients manufacture, under a trade mark a specimen of which is reproduced below.

Our clients claimed the aforesaid mark to be an imitation of their "Ship on Globe" or "Gola Chhap" trade mark and filed the above suit against the Defendants for an injunction, damages, costs and other reliefs.

By a Consent Decree, dated the 24th June, 1940, in the said suit an injunction has been issued by the Court against the Defendants, their servants and agents, in terms of prayer (a) of the plaint.

The Defendants have paid to the Plaintiffs our clients (i) a sum of Rs. 1,000|- as damages and (ii) a sum of Rs. 350|- for the costs of the suit and of the publication of this notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN that any person, firm or Company found selling or offering for sale crepe cloth or other cotton piecegoods bearing the trade mark objected to by our clients will be immediately dealt with according to law.

Dated the 29th day of January, 1941.

CRAIGIE BLUNT & CAROE,
Attorneys for
The Buckingham & Carnatic Co., Ltd.

4359

Public Notices

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY

SEALED TENDERS from responsible firms for Making and Repairing Sails. Awnings and other Articles and Sewing up Clothing by contract for the Royal Indian Navy at Bombay, during the period from 1st April, 1941, to 31st March, 1942, will be received upto 4 P.M. (Standard Time) by the Flag Officer Commanding, Royal Indian Navy, in Naval Headquarters, Vithal House (3rd Floor), Mint Road, Bombay, on 10th March, 1941.

2. Tender Forms and Instructions to Tenderers can be obtained from Naval Headquarters, Vithal House (3rd Floor), on application. (4451)

NOTICE.

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY

Kalupur Relief Road Scheme.

SALE OF PLOTS

IN CONTINUATION of the previous advertisement it is hereby notified that the date of Auction of the plots of the Relief Road in the Kadia Kui Section is fixed on SUNDAY, the 9th March, 1941, and the time of auction is 9 A.M. Auction will be held on the site of the plots.

A copy of the plan showing the plots will be supplied at Rupee 1-0-0 (One) each and plots will be shown on request.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
(4303)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that JOSEPH WALTER GOMES of Bombay Christian Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client free from all encumbrances and claims the land hereditaments and premises described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having or claiming any right, title, interest, claim or demand in, to, or upon the said land hereditaments and premises or any part thereof by way of inheritance, sale, gift, trust, lease, under-lease, mortgage, charge, possession, lien, easement or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 35 Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise on the expiration of the said period the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered to have been absolutely waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

All that piece or parcel of land or ground or oart known as Pillachi Bhat situate at Juhu in the Bombay Suburban District in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, admeasuring 17094 Square Yards or thereabouts and bearing Survey No. 33. Hissa No. 1 together with the messuage hereditaments and premises standing thereon and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Kalyan Dattatraya Vaidya, on or towards the South by the land of Joseph De Mello, on or towards the East by Juhu Road and on or towards the West by Government Land and beyond that by Sea.

Dated this 4th day of March, 1941.

MADHAVJI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(4472)

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.,
Government Auctioneers

AUCTION SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE STORES AT H. M. I. N. DOCKYARD, FORT BOMBAY.

By order of the Director of Contracts, Army Head-quarters, Simla, Messrs. GANDHI & CO. Auctioneers will offer for Sale by Public Auction on Monday the 10th March, 1941, at 2-30 P.M. (S. T.) at H. M. I. N. Dockyard, Fort, Unserviceable Stores including:—

Brass, Copper, Zinc, Tin and Iron Scrap, Chain, Cable Lead, Canvas Hoses, Batteries and Cells, Table and Ceiling Fans, Cable wood reals, Steel wire rope, Manila, Empty Drums and Kerosene Tins, one big lot of Wood Scrap, etc.

Terms:—Cash.

GANDHI & CO.

FIRST TIME ON STAGE AFTER 3 YEARS
HAREN GHOSH
Presents
SADHONA BOSE
AND
HER BALLET
WITH
20 Dancers & Musicians 20
MUSIC BY
TIMIR BARAN
From FRIDAY, March 14
THE CAPITOL

TO-DAY ONLY
EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
FRANK CAPRA'S
COMEDY MASTERPIECE
YOU CAN'T TAKE IT WITH YOU
with
JEAN ARTHUR LIONEL BARRYMORE; JAMES STEWART
A COLUMBIA FILM

4th FASCINATING WEEK
The Incomparable
SADHONA BOSE
In
WADIAS'
RAJNARTAKI
At
OPERA HOUSE
Daily 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

ZENANA SHOW, To-morrow 1 p.m.
BOMBAY TALKIES'
Popular Favourite
Bandhan
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
ROXY

ZENANA SHOW, To-morrow 1-30 p.m.
BOMBAY TALKIES'
Song-and-Dance Drama
PUNARMILAN
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC

ZENANA SHOW For LADIES ONLY On Wed. at 1-30 p.m.
"NARTAKI"
NEW THEATRES'
Epic
11th Week at
MINERVA
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p. m.

Stardom at a Step

NALINI JAYWANT
unknown yesterday, becomes Bombay's film idol in a night in
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
RADHIKA
Directed by VIRENDRA DESAI.
Starring:
HARISH, JYOTI, KANHAILAL, VEENA KUMARI, SANKATHA PRASAD, SUNALINI DEVI, BHUDO ADVANI and others.
PATHE
3-30, 6-30 10 P.M.
Advance Booking Available.

PRAKASH'S
Mighty Devotional
NARSI BHAGAT
Direction: VIJAY BHATT
SILVER JUBILEE WEEK
Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30 p.m.
ZENANA SHOW on Thurs. 6th Noon

NEXT SATURDAY
Comes
The Great Lover of the Screen
JAYANT
IN
EMPIRE PICTURES'
Great Social Comedy Thriller
Mere Sajan
OR
MID NIGHT GIRL
with
Rajkumari, Sayani, Urmila, Khan, Kurban Jau of Patriot fame
and a dozen great stars to support
at
SUPER
New Charni Road.

CAPITOL DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Paramount presents
GARY COOPER · MADELEINE CARROLL
CECIL B. DeMILLE's
"NORTH WEST MOUNTED POLICE"
in Technicolor!
ALSO
LONDON CAN TAKE IT AND LATEST WAR NEWS.

REGAL DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Held over for the 2nd Glorious Week.
TYRONE POWER
THE MARK OF Zorro
LINDA DARNELL
BASIL RATHBONE

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

INFANTILE LIVER & SPLEEN COMPLAINTS

The onset of Infantile Liver and Spleen complaints is indicated by such symptoms as an occasional rise in temperature attended by constipation or diarrhoea, vomiting, stools coloured clay, muddy or white, sometimes emitting bad smell, loss of appetite and slight abdominal distension. The child exhibits peevishness and is inert and drowsy. It shows an inclination to lie on the face with the abdomen in contact with cold surface. The child's urine when allowed to dry on the floor leaves white patches. The child gets thinner.

Before use

As the disease advances further symptoms such as hardening of the liver; pain over the region of the liver; high temperature; jaundice (shown by the condition or the yellowness of urine, eyes and skin); collection of fluid in the abdomen; distension of the abdomen; protuberance of abdominal veins; swelling of legs face and hands, are exhibited.

Medical practitioners all over India are convinced that JAMMI'S "LIVER CURE" is the infallible and radical cure for Infantile Liver and Spleen Complaints. Prompt use of Liver Cure has saved thousands of children from the fatal consequences of neglected or inapt treatment.

After use

Detailed Literature on request from:—
JAMMI VENKATARAMANAYYA & SONS
Parekh Mansion, Sandhurst Road, Bombay.
'Phone: 41593. Grams: "Livercure."

THE BANK OF BARODA LTD

(Incorporated in Baroda Liability of Members being limited.)
UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF AND LARGELY SUPPORTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF H. H THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAR

CAPITAL AS ON 31-12-1940

Capital Authorised	..... Rs	2,40,00,000
Capital Issued and Subscribed	..... Rs.	1,20,00,000
Capital called up	..... Rs.	60,00,000
Capital paid up on 31-12-1940	..... Rs.	59,96,180
Reserve Fund	..... Rs.	55,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: BARODA.

BRANCHES:

Ahmedabad (Bhadra)	Dabhoi	Patan
Ahmedabad (Panchkuva)	Dwarka	Petlad
Amreli	Harij	Port Okha
Bhavnagar	Kadi	Sankheda
Billimora	Kalol	Sidhpur
Bombay	Kapadwanj	Surat
Calcutta	Karjan	Visnagar
	Mehsana	(N. G.)
	Navsari	Vyara

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS—Interest allowed at 1/2 per cent per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest when does not come to Rs. 5 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Received for long or short periods. Terms on application.

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT at BARODA. Rates of rentals on application.

W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.

SAVE YOUR EYES

After work in the glare of the sun, after the cinema, or long reading in the office wash your tired eyes with Stanisol and apply Eagle Ointment at night.

EAGLE EYE OINTMENT
STANISOL EYE LOTION
EAGLE EYE OINTMENT RS. 1/8/- PER POT.
STANISOL EYE LOTION IN BOTTLES 9 AS. & RE. 1/-
Stanistreet Products
Smith Stanistreet Estd. 1821 in India.
SSK 11

GONORRHOEA CURED

OLD or NEW—cured Guaranteedly. MEDICINE CHARGES ON CURE: Time—9 to 12 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m. Sunday: 9 to 12 a.m. only.—

Visit Personally.
SANYASI DAVAKHANA (Regd.),
Near Prarthana Samaj Tram Junction, Sandhurst Road, Opp. Central Bank, Bombay 4.

On The Air

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Sitar Solo. 8-5 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-25 G. D. Agni. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Datta Davjekar. 9-10 Mumtaz Begam. 9-22 Tunes alike. 9-30 Goswami Brahmanand. 9-50 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 12-30 p. m. Marathi Bhavgeets. 12-45 Masters and pupils. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Film fancies. 1-20 Mutual understanding. 1 30 News in English 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-15 School broadcast. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Mumtaz Begam. 5-20 Sarod Solo. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Goswami Brahmanand. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 N. Ahmed. 6-25 Air Trio. 6-35 G. D. Agni. 6-45 Classical duet. 7 Nae Nae Film. 7-15 Datta Davjekar. 7-25 Talk of the town. 7-30 Mumtaz Begam. 7-45 Jaltarang and Violin. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Topic of the day. 8-30 Our slums. 3. 8-45 Sound-news. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 Datta Davjekar. 10-10 Allah Rakhibai. 10-20 G. D. Agni. 10-35 Air Sextet.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Three geets. 8-15 Shankerrao and Gopalrao. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 G. D. Agni. 8-50 Sindhi song. 9 to 10 As in Bomboy 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Ek Dhun. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-25 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-15 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Master Avinash. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Mohanrao. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Goswami Brahmanand. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Paradker. 9-10 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-20 G. D. Agni. 9-30 Myra Hess. 9-40 Erwin Pollak. 9-55 Frieda Dyer. 10-5 Air Symphonic Strings. 10-15 Mehli Mehta.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. For women. 5-45 Munni. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Special announcements. 6-15 Ashima Bannerji. 6-30 Books about the war. 5. 6-45 Radhabai. 7 For villagers only. 7-45 Unholy testament, 3. 8 Vinayakrao Patwardhan. 8-20 Jang ki Alf Laila. 8-40 Munni. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Vinayakrao Patwardhan. 10-5 Duet. 10-15 Dholak ka geet. 10-25 Jait Kalyan on the violin. 10-35 Mashuq Ali Khan. 10-45 News in English.

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

5 p.m. Renuka Das. 5-10 Krishna Kumar Kar. 5-20 Renuka Das. 5-30 Suren Pal. 5-35 Krishna Kumar Kar. 5-45 News in Bengali. 6-50 Bhatiali Tune. 6 News in English. 6-5 For the rural and industrial areas. 7 Krishna Chandra Mazumder. 7-20 Clarionet recital. 7-40 Shriramakrishna. 8-40 Announcements in Bengali. 8-45 News in Bengali. 9 London Pride, 4. 9-15 Announcements in English. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 The Melody Makers.

Hyderabad Programme

(411 m., 730 kc/s)

7-30 to 7-45 For children. (1) Clay Works by Mr. S. A. Jaferi (2) Radio—A talk. 7-45 A talk—Mr. A. Z. A. Wahid. 8 News in Urdu. 8-20 News in English.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar Express	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-55	18-10
Calcutta Mail (via Chhoki)	9-30	20-15
Madras Express	10 15	14 30
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	12 30	17 40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21-00
Poona Express	19 30	08 05
Allahabad Express	20 25	07 00
Poona Fast Passenger	21 45	12 10

B. B. & C. I. Railway.

(Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.)

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13 05
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 05
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15	21 15
	(Mon)	(Sat)
The Flying Ranee, Bulsar	*9 15	15 55
The Flying Ranee, Surat	*9 48	1o 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10 58	00 00
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)	00 00	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	15 05	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 48	9 00

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, these trains will run on Tuesday

London Stock Exchange

London: March 3.

The Stock Exchange maintained a fairly steady undertone but operators were cautious awaiting Balkan developments.

Business was mainly centred in Gilt-edged Indians, which firmly held. Industrials were quiet. Steels were firmer. Tobaccos and breweries were easier.

Kaffirs were occasionally easier. Oils rallied after an early decline and foreigners tended slightly lower, but Egyptian unified half higher.

Wall-Street was the quietest.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: March 4.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—
From Bond Rs. 10
Shipment March Rs. 9/6.
Indian Sugars Ready—
Small grain Rs. 14/1 to Rs. 14/6
Large grain Rs. 14/7 to 15/7.
Tone:—Steady

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: March 4.

Yellow metal sheets ..... Rs. 70 0 0
Copper sheets ..... Rs. 77 0 0
Tone:—Steady.

LONDON SEEDS

London: March 3.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe 20/6 March/April quoted.
Wheat Barletta Russo not quoted.
Wheat South Australian 26/6 March/April quoted.

LONDON RUBBER

London: March 3.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. 13-7/8.

Next U. S. Cotton Crop At About Ten Million Bales

LIGHT OFFERINGS ON N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

Liverpool Market Featureless

Bombay: March 4.

The New York cotton market was steady with a moderate demand. There was very limited offerings. The Department of Agriculture guesses next United States' cotton crop at about ten million bales. They believe home consumption will be nine million bales while exports will not be above one million bales.

Further the Department of Agriculture is considering higher loans and the certificate plan with refusal to recommend either, attracted attention in the cotton market.

NEW YORK MARKET

New York cotton futures market opened steady with 3 pts down for May at 10.38 and advanced to 10.40, on scattered buying. At this level there was some offering and market declined 4 pts at 10.37. Later on market was steady and finally closed at a decline of 3 pts at 10.38 Spot cotton prices closed 7 pts down at 10.83 cents per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

New Orleans market was steady with a limited turnover. Prices fluctuated within a very narrow range of 1 to 3 pts. Market closed at a decline of 1 to 3 pts. Spot cotton prices declined by 4 pts at 10.42 cents per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a rise of 1 point at 8.32 for July and after advancing to 8.33, 2 pts up, market declined and finally closed at 1 point up at 8.32. Spot cotton prices advanced by 11 points at 8.56d per lb.

Egyptian Cotton section was quiet and both Giza and Uppers futures closed 1 to 2 points down.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York May Highest 10.40—01 (10-15 a.m.); Lowest 10.37—04 (2-55 p.m.)

Liverpool July Highest 8.33+02; Lowest 8.32+01.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York.—Cotton hearings already started Bankhead bill, but expect no action before vote Lend Lease Bill. If Bankhead bill adopted market very much higher even if not, expect July eventually around 11.00.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York: March 3.

March	10.41—02
May	10.38—03
July	10.30—01
October	9.95
December	9.93—01
January	9.91—02
Middling Spot	10.83—07

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New Orleans: March 3.

March	10.47—03
May	10.43—03
July	10.33—03
October	9.99—01
December	9.95—03
January	9.91—03
Spot	10.42—04

NEW YORK COTTON
New York: March 3.

	11 a.m. Ranges	Noon Call.
March	10.41	10.41
May	10.39	10.38

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York: March 3.

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	10,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil.
Day's exports to the Continent	18.000 bales
Day's exports to China and Japan	Nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool: March 3.

March	8.30+01
May	8.31+01
July	8.32+01
October	8.26+01
December	8.23+01
January	8.22+01
Middling Spot	8.66+11

11 a.m. QUOTATIONS

March	8.30

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: March 4.

The market again looked lower to-day with more offerings. Tata Deferreds opened a trifle higher at 1925, but gradually declined to as low as 1897/8, while Tata Ordinaries, which opened at 380/8 were subsequently quoted lower at 375. Later, however, an improved tone was visible. Tata Deferreds being quoted at 1907/8 and Ordinaries at 377. Textiles also displayed a downward trend wherein Bombay Dyeings lost nearly Rs. 20 to close finally at 1060. Indian Irons were a bit shaky around 30/10.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1922/8) 1925 1900 1910 1897/8 1905 1900 1907/8

Tata Ordinaries (380/8) 380/8 77 77/8 75 77/8 76 77.

Bombay Dyeings (1077/8) 1060 1060.

Tata Ordinary 377, Tata Deferred 1907/8, Indian Iron 30/12, Bombay Dyeing 1060, Century 368/12, Central India 288/2, Kohinoor 410, Associated Cement 139, Bombay Burma 515, Scindia Steam 20/14, Tata Hydro 181/4, Reserve Bank 104/12, Imperial Bank F P 1555, Central Bank X-D 42/14, Bank of India 144, 3 1/2 per cent Paper 94/12.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: March 4.

Following a decline of 3 pts in New York cotton futures the local market was expected to open at Rs. 187 for Broach April/May, but it opened steady at Rs. 187/8 and advanced rapidly on speculative buying to Rs. 191. At this level there was light offering and prices declined to Rs. 190/8.

Then prices improved again and touched Rs. 192 for Broach April/May on scattered buying. Liverpool market opened unchanged and prices were Rs. 190/4 for Broach A/M and Rs. 192 for J/A. At the close, market was very firm. At 5 p.m. rates were as under:—

Broach April/May	Rs.	191	0 0
Broach July/August		192	12 0
Oomra March		148	12 0
Oomra May		150	12 0
Oomra July		153	4 0
Bengal March		119	0 0
Bengal May		120	12 0
Bengal July		122	8 0

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales.	1940/41	1939/40
Receipts to date 3-3-41	2941000	6522000
Receipts yesterday 3-3-41	10000	23000
Export to date 3-3-40	757000	4988000
Stock at Ports 28-2-41	3485000	2989000
Stock at interior towns do.	3158000	2790000
Stock at Liverpool 28-2-41		
Visible Supply 28-2-41		
Quantity in sight 28-2-41	8951000	11589000
Quantity out of sight 28-2-41		

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay: March 4.

Approx. quotations.	Ready.	Delvry. contract
Bengal Fine	118/21	
Berar	142/49	
C. P. 1	170/74	
C. P. 2	152/57	
Khandesh	122/29	
Mugiai	133/35	March
Broach		+5
Punjab S G 289F	318	
Punjab R G 289F	288/98	
Punjab R G 4F	233/38	

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay: March 4.

	Extra Spr-fine.	Sup. Fine.	F.G.	Good
M G Bengal U P	125	123	121	119
M G Punjab	125	123	121	119
M G Rajputana	132	130	128	126
M G Oomra No. 3	155	152	149	146
M G C. P. No. 1	179	176	173	170
M G C. P No. 2	165	162	159	156
M G Broach No. 2	201	198	194	191

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay: March 4.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON

In full-pressed bales. 2 days. Since 1st Septr.

		This year.	Last year
Khandesh	92	86,992	48,611
Central India	563	102,588	73,301
Barsi and Nagar	392	81,819	103,082
Hyderabad/Gaorani		28,362	40,749
Berar	2,776	276,292	256,742
Central Provinces		56,014	63,982
Total Oomras	3,823	632,067	586,467
Dholeras	53	47,202	46,096
N.-W. Province		1,152	22,808
Rajputana		4,585	24,953
Sind-Punjab	3,771	363,346	290,391
Broach	299	23,976	182,678
Coompta and Dharwar		31,471	15,265
Westerns-Northerns	203	32,632	16,763
Cocoanada		239	50
Tinnevelly & Cambodia		522	1,309
Total	8,149	1,137,391	1,186,680
Arrived by road to 27th Feb. 1941		172,250	199,368

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, March 4.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 96-12
3 1/2 per cent G P Note 94-13
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100-14
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 98-15
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan 94-6
3 1/2 per cent 1948/50 Loan 102
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 108
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 104 8
2 per cent War Bonds 103-12
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 113

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 112-0
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 115-6
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 125

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 107-12
4 per cent M Deb 1974 107-4
5 per cent M Deb 1959 116
6 per cent M Deb 1954 128
6 per cent K P T 1956 128

The 3-1/2 per cent G P Notes opened at 94-11, improved to 94-14 but closed slightly lower at 94-13 tone quietly steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: March 4.

LONDON:—
B C RATES:—
T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 3rd Sept.
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 3rd Sept.
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 3rd Sept.
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 two months
NEW YORK:—
Bank's selling T T 339 3/4
Bank's buying T T 329 3/4
Bank's buying D D 328
JAPAN:
Bank's selling T T 81 1/4 nominal
Bank's buying T T 77 nominal
Bank's buying 60 days 76 1/4 nominal
JAVA:—
Bank's selling D D 55 3/4
HONGKONG:—
Bank's selling D D 85 1/4
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 21 1/4
SINGAPORE:—
Bank's selling D D 157 3/4
CROSS RATES:—
Hongkong/London 1/3 1/32 4th inst.
Shanghai/London 0/3 19/32 4th inst.
New York/London 4.03 3/4 3rd inst.
London/Java 7.58/62 3rd inst.
London/New York 4.02 1/2-3 1/2 3rd inst.
London/Switzerland 17.30/40 3rd inst.
London/Stockholm 16.85/95 3rd inst.
London/Japan 1/2 1/2 3rd inst.
London/Canada 4.43/47 3rd inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet near. Steady forward.
Gold £8/8/0 3rd inst.
Silver London Ready 23 5/16 3rd inst.
Silver London Forward 23 1/4 3rd inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 28th ulto.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 3rd inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 3rd inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call unendable.
3 months 1/2 per cent
6 months 3/4 per cent
Tone. Very easy

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: March 3.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach A/M	188 1/4	185 3/4	187 1/4
Broach J/A	190 1/2	188 1/2	189 3/4
Oomra March	147	145 3/4	146 1/4
Oomra May	149 1/4	148	148 1/2
Oomra July	152	150 3/4	151
Bengal March	119	117 1/2	117 3/4
Benga May	120 1/2	119	119 1/4
Bengal July	123	121 1/2	121 1/2

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 402 penny points at 1/6
Broach J/A below Liverpool July 397 penny points at 1/6
Broach A/M below New York May 317 cent points at 331.
Broach J/A below New York July 300 cent points at 331.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool: March 3.

	UPPERS.	GIZA NO. 2
Spot	11.12—2	12.07—2
March	10.42—2	11.07—1
May	10 43—2	11.06—1
July	10.44—2	11.02—1
November	10.39—2	11.04—1
January	10.39—2	11.04—1

PEPPER & GINGER.

Bombay: March 4.

The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.:—

	Rs.	as.	ps.
Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	78	0	0
Pepper Chaitra Sud 15 per candy	79	4	0
Pepper Jeth Sud 15 per candy	81	12	0
Ginger bleached, per cwt	16	0	0
Ginger Chaitra Sud 15 per cwt	14	0	0
Ginger Vaishakh Sud 15 per cwt	14	4	0

Share Bazar Displays Weak Tone

RESTRICTED TURNOVER

Cement Steady

Bombay: March 4.

The local Share Bazar opened steady today and then declined on speculative selling on unfounded rumours. There was at the beginning no support from outside but later on prices improved on some scattered buying.

To-day being the last day of Badli business, mostly Badli business was transacted and general feeling was not so much optimistic.

The Wall-St. market was nervous over the possibility of war explosion in the Baikans, stock prices mostly shaded off and slow and indecisive trading followed. The session closed heavy. Steels were heavy despite better output, influenced by rumours of 2,00,000 Corporation shares being sold over the counter shortly.

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 1997 and declined to Rs. 1975 on selling by speculators, but improved later on to 1985 on scattered buying. Tata Steel Ordinaries opened at Rs. 387 and after declining to Rs. 383 finally closed steady at Rs. 385. Bombay Dyeing after opening at Rs. 1102 declined to Rs. 1088, but improved on general buying at Rs. 1097. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 421 and after declining to Rs. 419 advanced rapidly and closed at the highest at Rs. 423. New Greats were also in great demand and after touching Rs. 428 closed at Rs. 433, which was the highest level of the day. Associated Cement shares were steady at Rs. 146/4. Bellapurs opened at Rs. 211 and after touching Rs. 210 closed at the opening rate at Rs. 211/4. Bombay Burma opened at Rs. 530 and declined to Rs. 527. At this level there was some buying and prices advanced to Rs. 533 at the close.

Active Shares At A Glance

Bombay: March 4.

Bombay Dyeing (1105) 1102 1088 1091 1097/8
Century (385) 385 381 382 380 384 382/8
Central India (304/8) 304 302 303
Kohinoor (422) 421 419 420 423
New Great (439) 430 428 429 433
Simplex (105/8) 106 105 106/8
Swadeshi (281) 281 282 279 280 281
Associated Cement (145/12) 145/8 145 146/4
Andhra (1850) 1850
Tramway Ordinary (135) 135
Tata Hydro (185) 185
Tata Power (1607/8) 1607 1600 1602
Tata Steel Defd. (2000) 1997 1980 1985 1975 1987 1985
Tata Steel Ordinary (388) 387 383 385
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (148/8) 148/8
Bellapur (212) 211 210 211
Bombay Steam (319) 320
Bombay Burma (531/4) 530 527 530 533.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, March 4.

100	Ahm. Advance	272	8
250	BOMBAY DYEING	1097	8
100	CENTURY	382	8
100	CENTRAL INDIA	303	0
100	COLABA	171	8
100	Coorla	105	0
250	David	30	0
250	Dawn	342	8
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0 10	0
100	FINLAY	181	0
100	GOKAK	209	0
1000	Hindustan	1925	0
100	Indore	60	0
100	Khatau	152	0
100	KOHINOOR	423	0
250	LAXMI	538	12
100	MORARJI	233	0
250	Model	16	8
50	MYSORE X.D.	110	0
200	NEW GREAT	433	0
100	Oosmanshai	58	0
100	Phoenix	266	0
25	Sassoon Silk	87	0
1000	Sholapur	2,90	0
50	SIMPLEX	106	8
100	SWADESHI	281	0
100	SWAN	178	0
500	Vishnu	1305	0
1000	Western	1102	8

BANKS

50-100	BARODA	110	8
25-50	CENTRAL X.D.	42	3
500	IMPERIAL	1548	12
125-500	Imp. Contrys.	335	0
50-100	India XD	144	0
100	RESERVE BANK	104	12
5	UNION	6	10

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	140	4

INSURANCE

100	Empire	652	8
15-100	JUPITER	15	9
20	Mercantile	65	8
15-75	NEW INDIA	41	4
200	Oriental	395	0
15-50	Vulcan	8 4	6

ELECTRIC

100	AHMD. OLD X.D.	177	8
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1850	0
10	AJMER	.2	3
50	BOMBAY TRAM	135	0
100	Bombay Suburban	185	0
10	Broach	14	0
100	Karachi	2.3	12
100	Poona	91	0
100	Surat	181	4
1000	TATA HYDRO	185	0
1000	TATA POWER	1602	8

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij X.D.	882	8
100	C. Province	.05	0
100	Dhond Baramati	104	4
100	Gujarat X.D.	102	12
100	Mandra Bhon	103	8
100	Pachora Jamner	63	8
100	Sara Sirajgunj	106	8
500	Tapti Valley	655	0

MININGS

9	Burma Corporation X.D.	5	0
2sh.	Indian Copper	2 1	0
10	Indian Iron and Steel	30	10
10	SHIVRAJPUR	38	0
30	TATA STEEL DEF	1985	0
75	TATA STEEL ORD	385	0
10	Steel Corporation	18	12

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	368	12
10	Air Service	3	4
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	2 1	0
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	59	0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	320	0
125	B. BURMA	533	12
50	B Burma Cont	185	0
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3	5
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	86	0
100	IND. BLEACHING	131	0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	47	8
100	Ind. Radio Def.	511	4
100	Indian Radio Ord.	510	0
100	Port Canning	86	4
30	PREMIER CON.	95	4
15	SCINDIA	20	13
25	Tata Oil	41	0
100	Wimco	195	8

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1533	12
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	3.0	0
7	p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.) X.D.	75	4
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	632	8
6	1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 1st	118	8
6	1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 2nd	111	12
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	153	2
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1582	8
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	218	12
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	148	8
7	p.c. Vishnu	741	4

DEBENTURES

3	3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101	4
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	101	4
4	p.c. Bom. Telephone	51	8
5	p.c. Sholapur	76	4
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	103	4

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay: March 4.

Castorseeds May—			
Opening	Rs.	31	2 0
Highest		31	6 0
Lowest		31	1 0
Closing		31	6 0
Cottonseed May—			
Opening		18	15 0
Highest		19	1 6
Lowest		18	15 0
Closing		19	1 6
Groundnuts May—			
Opening		27	1 0
Highest		27	7 0
Lowest		27	0 0
Closing		27	7 0

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS.

Bombay: March 4.

DOUBLE OPTION PREMIUMS

Wheat May	0	4	0
Linseed May	0	6	3
Groundnut May	1	14	0
Castorseed May	2	4	0
Cottonseed May	1	0	0
Silver 1st Settlement	0	10	0
Silver 2nd Settlement	1	2	0
Gold 1st Settlement	0	11	0
Gold 2nd Settlement	1	2	0

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay: March 4.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. Dollar/Sterling cross rate was 4.02½ to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York. London Spot Silver price was 1/16 down at 23 5/16d, while forward price was 1/16 down at 23 1/4d. There was very little speculative selling and lacking of support. Practically there was no business. Market was steady but featureless.

New York spot Silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 27/64. London Bombay spot silver parity was Rs. 62/3/6 and forward parity was Rs. 62/1/3. The local market was steady with a moderate turnover.

Following were quotations:—

	Gold	Silver
Ready	Rs. 43 12 6	63 1 6
Fagan	Rs. 43 13 0	62 14 6
Chaitra	Rs. 43 12 6	62 13 6

Sovereigns: Rs. 29/7/6.

LONDON SILVER

London: March 3.

Spot	23 5/16
Forward	23 1/4

LONDON GOLD

London: March 3.

Gold bars fine per Oz.	£8/8/0

REWARD RS.5000

you can be **YOUNG** *in 24 HOURS*

AN ACHIEVEMENT OF MODERN SCIENCE AND HERBAL RESEARCH
NO RIVAL. NO SUBSTITUTE.

A wonder of the 20th century the Latest Scientific Discovery. EVERSHINE Sovereign Vitamin Tonic. The Strongest, and the most active never failing remedy for:—Loss of Vigour, Low Vitality, Nervous Breakdown, Depression, Giddiness, Bloodlessness, Insomnia, High Blood Pressure, Mental or Physical Exhaustion, Weak Memory, Loss of Appetite, Premature Oldage, General Debility, Chronic Anemea, etc.

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Let the results speak for themselves. Mark the surprising increase in Vigour and Vitality within 24 to 48 hours. Weak and Rundown shot back to youthful Vigour and Vitality as if at 25. EVERSHINE makes you feel and look years younger than the actual age and extraordinary strong and Vigorous with full Vital force and driving energy and and square-built body. EVERSHINE keeps ever young, ever healthy. Females with faded charms and wrinkled face regain their School girl Complexion with a well built body and bust.

CLINICAL TESTS IN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.

Have established beyond any shadow of doubt the marvellous Rejuvenating power of ingridients of EVERSHINE. It turns whitish grey hair jet black permanently and ens

HOW CLEAN ARE your false teeth?

THIS TEST WILL TELL

1. Give your dentures your customary "cleaning" treatment, and then examine them carefully.
2. Now get some 'Steradent' at your chemists. Pour a little of it into a tumblerful of warm water and stir well. Insert your dentures and leave them while you dress or overnight.
3. When you take them out you'll find 'Steradent' has made an amazing difference—your dental plates will be clean and fresh.

This simple test has convinced thousands. It will convince you. It is guaranteed to do so, or the cost of 'Steradent' will be immediately refunded without question. The Dental Profession has endorsed 'Steradent' as the finest preparation ever produced for cleaning and purifying false teeth. Over 10,000 dentists prescribe it.

No matter how discoloured, stained or old your dental plates are, 'Steradent' is guaranteed to make them clean and fresh, and natural-looking as the day you first got them—and keep them that way. Every stain vanishes like magic; even the blackest tobacco stains of years' standing vanish completely after a few treatments. Mucin, tartar and all insanitary accumulations are also removed. Your plates regain their wholesome, flesh-pink colour. Dull, yellow-tinged teeth are made clean and lustrous. A powerful sterilising agent purifies your plates and leaves a refreshing taste. No brushing. No acids. Absolutely harmless to denture materials.

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WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

Without Calomel—And You'll Jump Out of Bed Full of Vim and Vigour.

Your liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks sunk.

A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes those famous Carter's Little Liver Pills to get these two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Look for the name Carter's Little Liver Pills on the red package. Refuse anything else.

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INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR LTD.
BOMBAY.
Opens at AHMEDABAD,
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For Plan & Prospectus apply;
Head Office: S. P. M. Road,
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or, 666/2, Gandhi Road,
AHMEDABAD.

NEW YORK COTTON UNCHANGED

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICE
JULY 1941
New York, March 4

Previous closing	10.35
To-day's opening	10.28
Difference	—04
To-day's closing	10.30
Difference	nil

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach April/May	Rs. 191-0
Broach July/August	Rs. 192-8

LIVERPOOL COTTON
MARCH 1941.
Liverpool, March 4

Previous closing	8.30
To-day's opening	8.30
Difference	nil.
To-day's closing	8.31
Difference	+01

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, March 4

The New York cotton showed somewhat disappointing trend despite steadiness of Bombay but uncertainties in the Balkans continued to exercise a restraining influence.

Trading in July began at 10.28 i.e. two points lower than the last closing. Prices declined on increased March liquidation while the purchasing power was lacking.

The following are to-day's opening ranges in New York cotton:—
March 10.40/40
May 10.36/36
July 10.28/28

The following are opening rates on Liverpool cotton market:—
American March 8.30
American May 8.31
Egyptian Giza March 11.06
Egyptian Giza May 11.05

LONDON COMMODITIES
London, March 4

Castorseeds January February unquoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta February March (£18 9/16 quoted) £18 9/16 quoted
Linseed La Plata March (£11 5/16 quoted) £11 5/16 quoted
Groundnuts Coromandal February March (£17 1/4 quoted) £17 1/4 quoted

JUTES
Dundee March £45
Lightning March £40

RUBBER
Spot 13 3/8d buyers
Forward January March 13 9/16d paid and value

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES
T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, March 4

Previous closing	4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, March 4

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T T LONDON ON PARIS
London, March 4
T. T. London on Paris not quoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE
London, March 4
The following cable was received from London:—
Market quietly steady.

LONDON SILVER
London, March 4

Spot (23 5/16d)	23 3/8d +1/16
Forward (23 1/4d)	23 5/16d +1/16

LONDON GOLD
London, March 4
London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, March 4
London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate.

CROSS RATES
London on Bombay 1/6 1/6
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.35) 30.35
London on Shanghai (0-3 1/4 to 0-3 19/32) 0-3 1/4 to 0-3 19/32.
London on Kobe (1-2 to 1 2 1/2) 1-2 to 1 2 1-2

DISCOUNTS
3 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent.
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent
6 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS
Bombay, March 4
There was no trading during the night session.

LONDON METALS
Tin £265 buyers, £265 1/4 sellers. Steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

Xaverians Draw With Holders

G. I. P. LUCKY TO ESCAPE DEFEAT IN HOCKEY CHAMPIONSHIP

One of the finest games seen this season on the Hockey Association ground was witnessed on Tuesday, when St. Xavier's College "A" held the G. I. P. Railway (Headquarters) to a goalless draw. The teams were meeting in the second semi-final of the Provincial Hockey Championship. The result was a worthy closure to a great game, though not a few thought the Collegians should have eliminated the Railway.

To individualize would be difficult as every member of the College side put their best into the match. However, Owen Ferreira, Antony de Souza and Egbert de Souza, needs special mention. The first named as left back, Egbert, in the left half position, and Antony de Souza, playing as outside right, excelled. They earned repeated applause for splendid play—they richly deserved these expressions of appreciation.

Carvalho, The G. I. P. right back, was the outstanding player on his side. His clever interceptions and fine clearances were oft spectacular, Marsh, as usual, filled the centre half position worthily. The Bocarro brothers played untiring and good hockey. The rest of the team also gave of their best, all contributing to a memorable struggle.

The teams will meet again to-day.

THE GAME.

Things started at a cracking pace and continued so. Hakim made an effort to give the Railway an early lead. He scooped in from the top of the "D", but Fritz, the Xaverian goalkeeper brought off a clever save. Shortly after G. I. P. were awarded a penalty corner. It was well taken and March might have converted it with a very hot shot—Fritz saved again in good style.

Play was transferred and in the eighth minute the College lost a glorious scoring chance, Mendis, the left inner, missing a sitter. The Xaverians could do nothing with a penalty corner awarded them halfway through. At the other end, however, Gartley, the Railway outside-right very nearly put his side ahead when he sent in a first timer from a corner hit which was correctly stopped for him.

COLLEGE SUPERIOR.

The game was full of incident now and excitement ran high. The College were the superior side in the ten minutes before half time. It was during this spell that the stands thought the College had earned the lead, when Hubert Saldanha tricked the two backs, drew Augustus from his place in goal and scooped past him, the ball grazed the right upright on the wrong side and went out of play.

The biggest turnit of the match came immediately after the interval. A good movement took the College up E. de Souza got past Ross, one of the Railway backs, Augustus, the goalie, rushed out, De Souza tricked him sent in a hard shot. Carvalho, in a flash was in the goalsmouth and took the ball on his stick, stopping what looked a definite goal. This did not quite get the Railway out of danger, Hubert Saldanha met the rebound from Carvalho's stick, another scoring effort was spoilt, Saldanha's shot hit the upright. Things went in favour of the teams in turn and there was nothing dull. Both teams were doing their utmost, but the decider was not forthcoming.

The teams were:

G. I. P. RAILWAY:—Augustus; Carvalho and Ross; Rahmat, Marsh and E. Bocarro; Gartley, Hakim, Lacif, M. Bocarro and Tellis.

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE "A":—Fritz, Jos. Rodricks and Owen Ferreira; Fernando Saldanha, Rowland, Vivian and Egbert de Souza, A. de Souza, Eustace de Souza, Hubert Saldanha, Mendis, Agnel de Souza.

To-day's Match

B.P.H.A. ground—5-30 p.m.—(Championship semi-final) St. Xavier's College "A" vs. G. I. P Railway—Headquarters.

Lewis Cup

Bombay City Police entered the final of the Lewis Cup on Friday, when they beat the B. B. and C. I. Railway "B" by a solitary goal, the only one scored in the match. The winning goal came in the closing minutes of the game, Rodriques netting the ball.

The Railway were considered unlucky, as the exchanges for the greater portion of the game ran in their favour.

The second semi-final will be played on Saturday at St. Xavier's College Gymkhana, Parel, here the Lusitanians meet the Young Sports.

St. Mary's Win

Great enthusiasm prevailed on Friday when St. Mary's High School entered the semi-final round of the Junior Aga Khan Tournament by beating the Antonio D'Silva High School. A last minute goal gave St. Mary's victory. The latter were worthy winners and the Dadar School are flattered by the narrow margin of defeat. St. Mary's were better in all departments and were the attacking party almost throughout the 60 minutes of play.

To-day's Game

B.P.H.A. ground 4-15 (Junior Aga Khan) St. Xavier's High School vs. Antonio D'Souza High School.

Holiday For Ranji Trophy Match

MADRAS, March 4.

In connection with the Ranji Trophy Final, which will be played in Madras from 7th March onwards between Maharashtra and Madras, it is learnt that the Government are declaring Saturday the 8th instant as a public holiday for the Secretariat and other public offices in the city and that the penultimate Saturday this month will be converted into a working day.—A. P.

Ranji Trophy Winners To Meet C. C. I.?

BOMBAY, March 4.

In the course of a statement to the Press, Prince Duleep Sinhji refers to a suggestion made in the press for the staging of a match between the winners of the forthcoming Ranji Final at Madras and a selected side and says:—"I recollect that a trophy called the Willingdon Trophy was donated for a festival match to be played between the Champion Association in the Ranji Trophy competition and the Cricket Club of India. If the suggestion made in the press is accepted by sportsmen in Bombay then nothing could be better than reviving the annual fixture for the Willingdon Trophy between the Champion Association and the Cricket Club of India at the Brabourne Stadium during the Easter Holidays".—A. P.

SPORTS IN CITY

The Zarthosti Unnati Dwara ('The Zoroastrian Welfare Association') is organising its first annual sports on Thursday, the 13th instant, at the Brabourne Stadium. The sport commences at 2 p.m.

The following items are kept open:—

(1) 10,000 m. lap race (cycling) open to members of all communities.
(2) 1,500 ms. running, open to all Parsis.
(3) 110 ms. low hurdles, open to all Parsis.

The entry fee for each item is annas 4. Entry should be sent to Mr. Golwala, C/o Zarthosti Unnati Dwara, Tardeo, Bombay, on or before Monday, the 10th instant.

It should be noted that the Association is affiliated with the Bombay Presidency Olympic Association.

AGA KHAN TOURNAMENT

Record Up-Country Entry: Draw Of Preliminary Round

The popularity of the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament can be gauged by a very large number of teams deciding to participate this year. It is expected the outside challenge will make a record entry for the Tournament. The finest hockey clubs in India have entered and the best of Bombay's teams are playing as usual.

The list of entries show the following:—
Manavadar State XI
Bhopal Wanderers
Bhagwant Club, Tikamgarh
Bareilly Nobles
Karachi Goan Association
Rawalpindi Sports' Association
Y. M. C. A., Lahore
Muslim Sports' Club Nagpur
Kirkee United
Brothers' Club, Lahore
Belgaum Sports Club
Kaluanmal Sports Club, Indore
Crescent Sports Club, Karachi
Baria State XI
Kalighat Sports Club, Calcutta

Enquiries have been made by: Greer Sporting, Calcutta; Madras Hockey Association, Delhi Hockey Association.

A provisional entry has been received from the 'Varsity Old Boys, Lahore.

G. I. P. Railway
B. B. and C. I. Railway
St. Xavier's College 'A'
Bombay City Police
Bombay Customs.

Preliminary Round

On Tuesday at the Bombay Gymkhana, the draw for the preliminary round of the Aga Khan Tournament took place. The Tournament starts on March 8.

FIRST QUARTER
Young Sports, Bye.
Kirkee Ordnance v. Brijraj Young Men
Bombay City v. Fortress Co., R.E.
Bhimraj Sports Club v Cathedral Old Boys

SECOND QUARTER
Ammunition Factory, Kirkee v. Heavy Battery, (I.A.).
St. Mary's Old Boys v. Lusitanians 'B'
Britannia Sports Club v. Bombay Telephone Co.
Parsi Cyclists v. Deccan Sports Club

THIRD QUARTER
"Times of India" Sports Club v. Young Goans.
Bombay Port Trust v. Bombay Y. M. C. A
Christ Church and Barnes v. Bombay Gymkhana.
Maharashtra Gymkhana v. Khatau Sports Club

FOURTH QUARTER
B. B. and C. I. Railway 'B' v. Deolali Sports Club
B. E. S. T. v. St. Xavier's 'B'
Kirkee Ordnance Bye v. Lusitanians 'A' Bye.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, March 4

The New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—
General Motors unquoted
Anaconda Copper Mining dol 23 3/4
U S Steel Common dol 56 1/2
U S Steel Preference unquoted

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN
London, March 4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £98 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, March 4
London Stock Exchange was quiet to-day

AUSTRALIAN LOANS
London, March 4
5 per cent 1958/68 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4

BRITISH FUNDS
2 1/2 per cent Consols £77 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £102 7/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £99
4 per cent Funding Loan £113 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loans £103 5/8
New War Loan £101 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds £111

INDUSTRIALS
Standard Motors 11-3
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 33-10 1/2
Hydro Electric No dealings.
Electric Music Industry 7-6
Princhin Johnson 18-9
Imperial Chemicals 29-9
Woolsworth New Ordinary 51-7 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 £46
Dundee Rubber 32-4 1/2
Unilever Ordinary 22-6
Ford Motors 17-9
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £59 1/2
British Aferican Tobacco Ordinary 87-6
Carreas 'A' (£3 7/8) £3 7/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary 93-1 1/2
P and O Def 21-1 1/2
Distillers 63
Bredfords Dye 3 3
British Celanese 3-3
J and P Coates Ordinary 29-4 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary 28-4 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners 3-0
Vickers Limited Ordinary 15
Inter Nickel Ordinary dol 36 3/4
Indian Iron 45-0

TEA SHARES
Assam Company 18-3
Donaro Tea 30-0
Empire of India 21-10 1/2

JUTE
Barnagore £8

RUBBER SHARES
Anglo Dutch Rubber 14 10 1/2
Guia Kelampong 15-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust 25-3

MINING SHARES
Nandydrug 20-0
Burma Corporation 7-0
Rio Tintos £7 1/2
East Rand Properties 41-3
Rand Mines £6 3/8

MINE SHARES
Crown £11 7/8
Associated Portland Cement 61-3
Trinidad Leasehold 62-6
Sub Nigel £7 1/4
Spring Mines Split Shares 20-7 1/2
Union Corporation £7

OIL SHARES
Venezuela Persian 26-3
Anglo India 34-4 1/2
Burma Oil 52-6
Mexican Eagle 7-9
Shell Transport 43-9
Royal Dutch £18

RAILWAY SHARES
Great Western Ordinary £32 1/4
London Midland Ordinary £11 7/8
London North Eastern Def £1 5/8
London Southern Def £9 7/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£119) £119
London Transport 'C' £33

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Quiet But Steady

Calcutta, March 4

The market continued quiet but steady in all sections, and there was very little worthy of note. Coals, Teas, Jutes, Cottons and miscellaneous industrials showed no material change while speculative Engineering issues were a shade better. Government securities were unchanged.

The following were the closing quotations:

Government securities: 3 per cent Defence Loan 1946 100/15; 3 per cent loan 1963-65 94/9 small lots; 3 per cent Government Paper 81/7; 3 1/2 per cent Government paper 94; 5 per cent U P Bonds 1944 106/10 small lot; 3 per cent U P Loan 1961-66 92/8 small lot; 3 per cent U P 1952 96/5.

Banks: Imperial Bank fully paid 1564; Reserve Bank 104.

Railways: Darjeeling Himalayan Rly pref 101.

Cottons: Howrah A pref 215; Kesoram ord 6/5; pref 131; New Victoria ord 1/14.

Coals: Bengal 557; Burra Dhemo 4/3; Dooli 8/8; Munoulpoor 10/4; Nazira 8; Samla 2/1; Talcher 1/8; West Jamuria 31 small lots.

Jutes: Adamjee ord 20/6; Albion pref 172; Craig 1/2; small lot; Delta pref 141; Empire 23/4; Pref 158; Howrah 49/10; A pref 161 Hukumchand ord 8/12; Pref 117/8; Kamarhatty 440 ex div; Lawrence 375 ct; Pref 145; National 21; Nuddea 55/4; Presidency 4/5; Standard pref 147.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 4/14 ex div; Consolidated Tin 2/7; Indian Copper 2/1; Karanpura Development 8/4; Daimia Cement pref 112; Bengal Chemical ord 375; Agra Electric 131/8; Benares Elec 14/6; Dacca Elec 17/12; Jubbulpore Elec 14/9; Shahjahanpur Elec 6/6; Braithwaite and Co 9/7; Burn & Co ord 373 small lot; Indian Iron and Steel 30/10; Indian Standard Wagon ord 61/8 small lot; Pref 160; Indian Steel and Wire Products conty 7/7; Steel Corpn ord 18/12; Bengal Flour 11/8; B I Corpn ord 4/7; Dunlop Rubber second pref 116; Indian Cables 21/8; Ivan Jones 2/1; New India Investment 59 small lot; Spences Hotel 1/10; Orient Paper ord 10/10; pref 104 small lot; Star Paper ord 9/12; Sree Gopal Paper ord 9/12; Titaghur Paper pref ord 5/6; ord 16/15; Ayer Apanas dol 1.10 cts.

Sugar: Carew and Co ord 9/12; pref 117 small lot; Champaran 14/12; Ramnugger Cane and Sugar ord 8/6.

Tea shares: Barduar Tea and Timber 4/4; East India 8/4 small odd lot; Grob (B) 6/6.—A.P.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, March 4

To-day's closing quotations:—

Cotton Sind March	12	8	9
May	12	15	3
Punjab March	12	3	0
May	12	5	6
American March	23	5	3
May	23	0	3
Tone: Strong.			
Wheat March	28	9	9
Tone:—Strong.			
Gram July	23	0	0
Toria March	32	8	0
May	33	6	0
July	34	0	0
Cottonseed March	14	3	0
July	15	4	0

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

Steels Easier

Madras, March 4

On the local stock exchange, Textiles remained firm to-day. Good buying enquiry was visible for Paper and Chemical shares. Among miscellaneous, Indian Irons and Steel Corporation of Bengal were slightly easier.

Transactions reported from 12 noon yesterday to 12 noon to-day:—

Buckinghams ord 244 cd; Sitarams 48/8 cd; Velamalai 3; Travancore 6/12 and 6/14; Cochin Malabar ord 6/12; Kalpettas 19/4; Ayer Manis ord 8/14; Tropicals 19; Mlamalay ord 21/8; Nilgiri Neerugundi ord 1/8; Thirumbadi 1/15; Devon pref 107/8; Negapatam Elecs 9; South Arcots ord 91/12; Mysore Paper 14/7; Spencer A 9/8 small lot; Mysore Chemicals 17/4; Mettur Chemicals ord 9/12; Indian Steel Rollings pref 11/12; Indian Banks 127/8.

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS
Bombay: March 4.

200 carboys Hydrogen Peroxide, 100 ctns electric fans, 669 bls raw silk, 40 c/s thrown silk, 37 c/s waste spun silk yarn, 302 bdls rattans, 45 c/s rubber latex, 1308 c/s cut tacks (Blue), 30 c/s w/n yarn, 1593 bags empty glass bottles, 37 c/s nut buttons, 73 c/s cotton goods, 43 c/s rayon goods, 59 c/s silk and rayon mxd pcegoods, 55 c/s silk pcegoods, 1144 c/s rayon pcegoods, 200 c/s chlorate of potassium, 2941 c/s cotton pcegoods, 30 bdls gum, 3656 bags betelnuts, 587 bls staple fibre yarn 165 cts ply chest wood, 37 c/s brass wire, 43 cts transmission conductor, 111 c/s w/n pcegoods, 75 c/s cotton yarn, 48 c/s clocks, 157 c/s earthenware, 152 c/s wire nails, 100 c/s iron blue square cut shoe tacks, 44 c/s elect bulbs, 190 c/s elect goods 93 c/s lamp holders, 150 c/s iron tacks, 310 bdls brass rods, 650 bags calcium carbonate 69 c/s wood screws, 486 c/s padlocks, 61 c/s safety pins, 65 c/s cycle parts and fittings, 250 pkgs M I pipe fittings, 65 c/s shuttles, 1728 c/s glassware, 444 c/s porcelainware, 181 c/s Hurricane lanterns, 1360 c/s beer, 39 c/s eyeletes, 328 c/s tiles, 640 c/s rayon yarn, 105 c/s cnd goods, 32 c/s lantern parts, 87 c/s bobbins, 1334 c/s bolts and nuts, 1071 c/s panel pins, 184 c/s steel hinges, 33 c/s steel narrow butts, 25 c/s night lamps, 46 c/s elect torches, 90 c/s M S rivets, 57 c/s aniline salt 50 c/s glass lamps, 100 c/s sewing needles, 82 c/s tacks, 25 c/s bicycle lamps, 25 c/s P B holders, 31 c/s flash light bulbs, 31 pkgs dyestuffs, 50 bls Noil yarn, 70 c/s Crown corks, 72 pkgs broken glass, 151 pkgs tea, 363 bags scrap lead, 32 bdls empty gunnies, 214 bdls mattings, 500 bls cassia, 25 c/s Hack saw blades, 155 c/s iron rounds washers.

EXPORTS
Bombay: March 4.

679 bags castorseed Ralli Bros Ltd; 1173 bags linseed Ralli Bros Ltd; 140 bags Mendi powder R Girdharlal and Co; 100 bags sandalwood H A Mahomed and Sons; 20 bags old leather pickers The Ideal Overseas Exporting Agency.

COLOMBO MARKET

Colombo, March 4

Price of rubber in the local market to-day is 48 sheet, and crepe. Yesterday's closing same.

Copra 35.75. Cocoanut oil F.O.B. 235.00 nominal.

Share market: Bmpitiya Tea 7 1/2; Miganawita Ceylon Tea 10 1/2; Jebongperak Rubber 7 1/4; Kongsi Rubber 6 3/4; Usk Valley Kalutara Rubber 12 1/2; Atchencoil Tea 1/15; Hunuwellapelmadulla Rubber 15 1/2; Neuchatel 18; Wellandura Tea and Rubber 17 1/2.—A. P.

Tennis At Baroda

Baroda, March 3

The following are further results of matches played in the Union Gymkhana Tennis Tournament at Baroda:—

Men's Singles (semi-finals): Angelo Moses beat M. Jaiswal 6—1; 6—0. H. Desai beat D. Elavia 6—3; 6—4

Men's Doubles: Raj Kumar Hira Singh and Dr. Desai beat K Hakim and P. Mehta 4—6; 6—4, 6—4

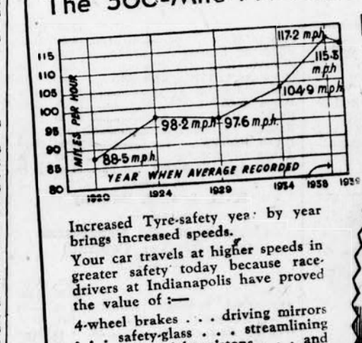
Mixed Doubles: Mrs Wadia and Angelo Moses beat Miss Aquino and Hakim 6—2; 6—2.

HEADACHE? stop it in 10 minutes with Saridon

Track-Tested Safety

Improvements in tyres, as in cars, are developed from race-track records. For 21 years, since 1919, the most gruelling of all motor races— the 500-mile classic at Indianapolis, U. S. A., has been won on Firestone Tyres. The experience of America's leading racing drivers, whose lives depend year by year on their tyres, has enabled Firestone to build safer tyres for them—and for you.

The 500-Mile All-Out Race at Indianapolis



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Your car travels at higher speeds in greater safety today because race-drivers at Indianapolis have proved the value of:—

4-wheel brakes . . . driving mirrors
. . . safety-glass . . . streamlining
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FIRESTONE "CHAMPION" TYRES with the "gear-grip" tread—3000 sharp angles to prevent skidding and make braking positive; and with Gum-Dipped, Safety-lock cord to prevent blowouts and reduce wear.

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THE MERRIEST, GAYEST SHOW TO HIT THE SCREEN THIS YEAR!

ASHA PICTURES' आशा पिक्चर्स Romantic Musical Comedy

Ghar Jawai

Screenplay: PRINCIPAL ATRE
Starring: SHOBHANA SAMARTH, VANMALA, AVINASH, DAMUANNA.

PREMIERE, SATURDAY NEXT
NEW WEST END

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Paid up capital over	..	Rs. 9,75,000/-
Reserve funds etc.,	.. ..	Rs. 7,60,000/-
Deposits	.. ..	Rs. 1,55,00,000/-

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A ROARING, ROWDY RUMPUS!
GROUCHO CHICO HARPO
MARX BROS. in 'GO WEST'

3RD WEEK!

Charlie Chaplin
in his new comedy
The Great DICTATOR
Produced, written and directed by CHARLIE CHAPLIN
with PAULETTE GODDARD

NEW EMPIRE
3-30, 6-30 & 10 P. M.
(Free list & concessions entirely suspended.

To-day Zenana Show at 1-30 p.m. for LADIES ONLY!
DISCUSSING 3 Burning SOCIAL Problems Third Great Week
CIRCO'S Social Comedy
MADHUSUDAN
Starring: KUMAR, MAYA BANNERJI Ashalata, etc.
IMPERIAL
Daily: 4-15, 7 & 10 p. m.
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—THE NEW DAWN—
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Heroine of "ADMI"
IN
TARUN PICTURES' SECOND SOCIAL
PRABHAT
WITH
★ P. JAIRAJ,
★VATSALA KUMTEKAR,
★ KALYANI etc.
Direction: V. M. VYAS
Coming Shortly at
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(Bharat Pictures Ltd., Release)

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Always remember that *Inner* Cleanliness is the first rule of health, and to be completely clean inside take Andrews.
A regular glass of Andrews Liver Salt settles the stomach, corrects acidity and indigestion, and sweetens the breath. It tones up the liver and gently clears the bowels, sweeping away all impurities. In addition, Andrews cools the blood and invigorates the whole body.

For Inner Cleanliness be regular with your

ANDREWS LIVER SALT
Health Drink and Tonic Laxative
Handy Size As. 11
Family Size Rs. 1/4

SORE THROAT
Rub this powerful ointment on throat and cover with warm flannel. Works like a poultice, while its vapours which you inhale soothe irritated membranes.

VICKS VAPORUB

2nd Glorious Week
"I am a beggar— I can only pray for you"
KHURSHID...
and her prayer wroks marvel ...
Ranjit's excellent entertainment
PARDESI
Director: CHATURBHUJ DOSHI
Cast: MOTILAL, KHURSHID, SNEHPRABHA, E. BILLIMORIA
Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON

Most-Awaited Star—

...TWO YEARS AFTER HER SENSATIONAL SUCCESS IN "BHABI"..
RENUKA DEVI
Now Co-starred with
ASHOK KUMAR
IN
BOMBAY TALKIES'
'Naya Sansar'
COMING SOON ... ... with a great Cast

Bombay & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Phalgun Sud 7, 1997
Muslim: Safar 9, 1360
Parsi: Maher 2, 1310
Hightide: 3-22; 16-30
Lowtide: 9-52; 22-4
Sunrise: 6h. 56m.
Sunset: 6h. 46m.

Domestic Occurrence

BIRTH

On 4th March at 8-55 p.m at Dr. Kaikini's Hospital, Bombay, to Umabai, wife of Mr. A. H. Kulkarni—a son. Both doing well.

LECTURE ON MODEL AEROPLANES

Under the auspices of the Boy Scouts' Association, Bombay Province, a lecture-demonstration on "Building and Flying Model Aeropianes" will be given by Mr. D. P. Pavri to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. at the Chunilal Mehta Scout Hut, Esplanade Maidan. All the Boy Scouts are cordially invited to attend the same.

URAN-BOMBAY PASSENGERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION

It is stated in the 1940 report of the Managing Committee of the Uran-Bombay Passengers' Relief Association that there are 92 members on the roll during the year. The proposal made to the landing and Wharfage Committee for the construction of a gate at Mora pier still remains undecided. The fourth annual meeting of the Association will be held at Uran on 9th instant, to adopt the annual report and elect the Office-Bearers.

PRARTHANA SAMAJ

The ninth public lecture in the Northern Indian Saints Lecture series by Prof. N. R. Phatak to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Prarthana Mandir Girgaum, Bombay.

"SAFETY FIRST"

Mr. S. M. Anklikar, Labour Officer, B. E. S. & T. Co., will speak on "Safety First" to-day (Wednesday) at the Government Labour Welfare Centre, B. D. D. Chawls, Naigaum at 7-30 p.m.

BOMBAY WOMEN'S ASSOCIATION

Miss Godavari Gokhale has been elected the Chairman of the Bombay Women's Association of the All-India Women's Conference for the year 1941-42.

B. P. HINDU SABHA

The Bombay Provincial Hindu Sabha and the Dadar Hindu Sabha Offices have shifted from Vijayanagar, Dadar, to Devubai's Chawl, Lady Jamshetji Road, Dadar. The working hours are: From Monday to Saturday 8 a.m. to 11-30 a.m. and 5 p.m. to 7-30 p.m., and Sunday nil.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

The next meeting of the Corporation will be held in the Corporation Hall to-morrow (Thursday) at 3 p.m. (B.T.).

PLAGUE IN RANGOON

The town and port of Rangoon have been declared infected with plague.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS

A public meeting for questions and answers, preceded by a short talk on "Man, The Thinker", will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain. All questions are welcome and all are cordially invited.

IQBAL POEM COMPETITION

"Editor, 'Muslim Progress', 3 Jackeria Masjid Street, Bombay, 9, offers as first prize of Rs. 15 and a second prize of Rs. 5 to two best poems received in English on or before the 22nd instant in praise of Dr. Sir Muhammad Iqbal."

Bombay Cotton Brokers' Association

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Bombay Cotton Brokers' Association called for to-day has been postponed to Tuesday next at 5-15 for want of quorum.

It was originally proposed that soon after the extraordinary meeting, business of the 22nd annual general meeting of the Association would be transacted, but now both the meetings have been postponed to Tuesday next.

Thundershowers In C. P.

Poona, March 4

Local thundershowers occurred in east Central Provinces, while a few light shower also reported from Assam, Bengal, Orissa, west Central Provinces, east Hyderabad and north Madras coast.

The chief amounts of rainfall: Darjeeling, Sambalpur, Nagpur, Pendra, Jagdalpur half inch; Cocoanada, Hanamkonda quarter each. Temperatures are appreciably below normal in Central Provinces, Orissa and markedly above normal along and near the Northwest Frontier.—A.P.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"North-West Mounted Police" Daily 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Mark of Zorro" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—Marx Brothers in "Go West" Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"You Can't Take it with you". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Great Dictator" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Pardesi" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Radhika" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bandhan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Lagna Pahawe Karoon" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Nartaki" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Narsi Bhagat" Daily at 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Madhusudan" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Raj Nartaki" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Padosi" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Dharma Bandhan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Punarmilan Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"The Unexpected" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Trust Your Wife" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
HINDMATA—"Sneh Bandhan" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Pride and Prejudice" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Vehicles & Animal Tax

The Government of Bombay has issued a revised clause to be substituted for Clause 9 of the draft Bill relating to the collection by the Bombay Municipal Corporation of motor vehicles and animal taxes in advance, published in the 'Bombay Government Gazette', Part I, of February 20.

Any suggestions or objections to the draft Bill, as already announced, must be sent to the Secretary to Government, General Department, Bombay, on or before March 20.

The revised clause is being published in the 'Bombay Government Gazette.'

Spitfire Fete Fund Prizes

Prizes are awaiting holders of the following Lucky Number Tickets and Lucky Coupon Book Numbers at the Spitfire Fete held on February 27th, at Mount Petit, Pedder Road, Bombay:—

Lucky Number Tickets: 15, 384, 762 and 1257.

Lucky Coupon Book Numbers: 333, 876, 1454 and 1777.

The holders of these winning tickets and numbers are requested to claim their prizes by March 15, 1941, after which date, the unclaimed prizes will be sold and the proceeds donated to the Spitfire Fund. Claims for prizes should be made to: Capt. F. D'Souza, H. H. the Maharaja of Idar's Bungalow, Mount Petit, Pedder Road, Bombay.

Bombay University Senat Bye-Election

Two candidates have filed nomination papers for one seat in the Senate of the Bombay University from the Registered graduates constituency, in the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mrs. Hansa Mehta, who has, however, been recently elected a fellow from the faculty of Arts.

The two candidates are Miss Kapila Khandwala and Mr. Gangadhar Ganesh Khare, Professor of French in the Fergusson College Poona.

The constituency consists of 19,200 votes. The election will take place on March 26.

Bombay Hindi Vidyapeeth

Free Hindi Classes are started at the following places:—

(1) Saraswat Hall, Gamdevi (for ladies), Monday to Friday between 5 and 6 p.m.
(2) Mahila Kala Mandir, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Laxmi Sadan, (for ladies), Monday to Friday between 4 and 5 p.m.
(3) Marwari Vidyalaya Bhavan, 1st floor (Side entrance) Sandhurst Road, Monday to Friday between 6-30 and 7-30 p.m.
Saturday between 4 and 6 p.m. and Sunday between 4 and 6 p.m. and between 8 and 10 a.m.
(4) A. E. S. Girls High School, Sanzgiri Bhavan (Near Girgaon Marathi Shala), Girgaon Road, Sunday morning between 8 and 10 a.m.
(5) Hind Vidyalaya, Angre Wadi, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Sunday between 7-30 and 10 a.m.
(6) Ramchandra Bhatt High School, Parel, Sunday between 8 and 10 a.m.
(7) Chabildas Boys' High School, Dadar (B. B. & C. I. Rly.), Sunday between 8 and 10 a.m.
(8) Dharadhar Hall, Nikadwari Lane, Girgaon, on week days between 3 and 4 p.m.
(9) English School, Saraswati Baug, Jogeshwari, on Saturday and Sunday between 2 and 4 p.m.
(10) Saraswat Hall, Santa Cruz, between 3 and 4 p.m.
(11) Anandashram, 14th Road, Khar, between 3 and 5 p.m.
(12) Nawroz Building, 4, Bhau Daji Road, Matunga (G. I. P.) between 3 and 5 p.m.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

Going round Suburban Police Station, the other day, I was surprised to hear that every police station is now to have additional Sub-Inspectors, this I understand is for the prevention of the increase in crime.

Bandra already has two additional Sub-Inspectors and an additional Sergeant.

Crime recently has increased rapidly, especially house-breaking and theft cases show a big rise.

This, I learnt in the course of conversation with a police officer was partly due to the 'Black-out' scheme.

BOMBAY EDUCATION LEAGUE'S HIGH SCHOOL, THAKURDWAR

(From A Correspondent)

The third social gathering of the Bombay Education League's High School, Thakurdwar, was held in the Baliwalla Grand Theatre on Thursday. Mr V. D. Ghate, Educational Inspector, Bombay Division, presided. The principal of the School read the report showing the progress of the institution and appreciating the co-operation of the parents and guardians of the students. The President in his speech congratulated the management and summed up how the efforts of the League have become successful. The League under its management is conducting three schools at various centres in Bombay. The students of the High School performed the drama "Punya-Prabhav" in which Malwankar, Mahajan, Desai and others shone.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC UNION

The Secretary, Bombay National Democratic Union, writes:—

A meeting of the Reception Committee of the Bombay Presidency National Democratic Union Conference was held in Servants of India Society on Monday evening. Rao Bahadur R. S. Asawale presided over the meeting. After adopting the statement of accounts, the meeting decided to convert itself into a Bombay Committee of the National Democratic Union. The following were elected as the office-bearers of the Bombay National Democratic Union: President Sir Homi Mehta, Vice-Presidents Messrs. Jamnadas Mehta and B. V. Jadhav, Treasurer Mr. Mani H. Mehta, Secretaries Messrs. R. S. Asawale, Naushir Bharucha, K. N. Dharap and V. B. Karnik, a committee of sixteen persons was also elected. Prominent amongst those who were elected are Rao Bahadur D. G. Padhey, Mr. M. N. Talapade, Mr. J. B. H. Wadia, Mr. Charles Mascaranas, Mr. Birbal Mehta, Mr. L. G. Pradhan, Mr. Rajaram Pandey, etc. The annual fee for the membership of the Union was fixed at Re. 1 and a sub-committee was elected to draft the constitution.

Welfare League Secretaries Apply For Return Of Properties

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

An application made by Jal Jehangir Kapadia and Rustom Bomanji Soonawala, Joint Secretaries of the Bombay Welfare League, for a return of the properties seized at the office of the League on February 7, following a raid was argued to-day before the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

Mr. R. P. Thanawala, police prosecutor, stated that the office of the League was raided by the police on February 7, on a complaint lodged with the police by the Collector of Bombay. The investigation in the case, according to the police prosecutor, was in respect of alleged violation of certain provisions of the Prize Competition Tax Act. The applicants, he argued, conducted prize competitions without obtaining a licence from the Collector.

The police raided the office under due authority and did not exceed their powers.

Mr. H. R. Pardiwala, instructed by J. S. Katpitia and Co. appeared for the applicants.

He stated that the League was founded in April 1940 to raise funds for deserving and charitable causes and had raised large sums of money from time to time. The League had, among other institutions, helped the Lord Mayor's Fund and entertained His Majesty's troops while passing through Bombay. The scheme of the League consisted of sale of tickets to the public offering prize to donors.

The Magistrate, after hearing arguments, observed that the police, in raiding the office of the League, had acted under due instructions. He directed that the applicants should be given inspection of books seized from the office.

MATRIC STUDENTS
If Geometry is your nightmare, ensure success in the forthcoming Matriculation Exam. by buying immediately Mr. Mathia's "VADE-MECUM OF GEOMETRICAL AND TRIGONOMETRICAL CONSTRUCTIONS", the only book of its kind in market.
(Re. 1)
Available at Popular Book Depot, (all Branches), Taraporewala, Hornby Road, Manoel, Dhobitalao, Shri Samarth Book Depot, Girgaum, Karani, P. Mehta Road, Fort.

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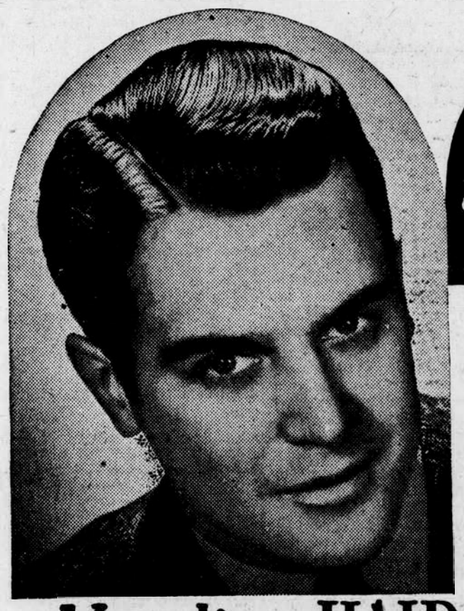
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1941

BOMBAY INDUSTRIES

The annual report of the Department of Industries, Bombay Province, for the year 1939-40 was submitted to Government on 16th July, 1940, and could well have been published much earlier than this week. Things are moving fast now and people are eager for fresh news and information. Annual reports, therefore, become stale and obsolete if they are not published within about three months from the close of the period covered by them. Apart from the serious defect of its late publication the report is very informative, being a record of considerable and varied activity in the Department; and it will be found highly instructive by all interested in industries. The year under review is one of arrested industrial progress, as may be seen from the fact that the output of cotton piecegoods, paper and manganese each registers a decrease by about 10 per cent. There has also been a reduction in the consumption of electrical energy for industrial purposes from 45 crores of units to 42 crores. It is true that the number of factories working in the Province have increased from 2,495 to 3,120 but the increase is due "more to the extension of the Factories Act to many of the smaller industrial establishments already in existence in this Province than to the establishment of new factories."

Scope For Industrial Enterprise

The brief review of the principal industries in the Province is very instructive and could well have been fuller. It indicates the directions in which there is scope for industrial enterprise. It is interesting to read the following about the film industry: "The industry has a considerable scope for further development in the Province and other parts of India. The total capital invested in the industry is estimated to be about Rs. 7.37 crores, sixty per cent. of which, i.e., about Rs. 4.42 crores is taken to be invested in this Province. There are about twenty producing companies and about 230 exhibition-houses in this Province. The number of films produced during the year and the footage of raw films imported during the year show a slight decrease as compared with the figures for the previous year." The report specially commends the following among other new industries: Strawboard manufacture, artificial silk, electrolytic caustic soda and chlorine, hydrogen peroxide, phosphorous, zinc chloride, dichromates, sodium sulphide, bleaching earths, glue and gelatine, electric wires and cables, electric fans, electric lamps, pottery and electrical insulators, domestic hardware, belting for machinery, automobiles and industrial machinery together with spare parts. We have specifically mentioned all these not only to bring them to the notice of enterprising industrialists but also to impress upon Government that, if these new industries are promising, Government should do much more then commend them to the public.

Government's Duty

This is particularly true of the last two industies mentioned above, automobiles and industrial machinery. Of the former the report says that "Government had been approached during the year for support to a company proposing to set up an automobile factory in the neighbourhood of Bombay. The fact is that Congress Government were not only approached but, as pointed out by Sir M. Visveswaraya at the Bombay Industrial Conference on Saturday, they also provisionally promised to guarantee 3 or 3 1/2 per cent interest on the share capital of the project for a term of ten years. Whether or not the present Government accept that promise as at all binding, they owe substantial help to the industry for which they, in common with many industrialists, feel there is considerable scope in the Province. Government are more enthusiastic about industrial machinery. The report says: "There is a good field for the production of light machinery, small engines, pumps and machinery spare parts in Bombay. This is particularly so in connection with the manufacture of light machinery and spare parts required by the textile industry. Bombay Province has no less than 219 textile mills. More than 66 per cent. of the total number of spindles and 74 per cent of total number of power-driven looms in India are in operation in the Bombay Province. Out of these an appreciable number operates in the city of Bombay and suburban area. Large quantities of scrap iron and other metals are exported from the Port of Bombay every year. These scrap metals can be utilised for manufacturing light machinery and spare parts. Other raw materials and skilled labour are also readily available. The imports of light machinery, small engines, pumps and spare parts for cotton textile machinery are quite large. There is no reason why a good part of the demand should not be met by local production." If the industry is so promising—and the report does not at all exaggerate its prospects—it behoves Government and businessmen to evolve a sound scheme and give it a concrete shape.

Agricultural Marketing Organization

Those interested in problems of rural economics have come to the conclusion that the lop-sided development of the co-operative movement in India with the emphasis it lays on credit has much to do with the comparatively unsatisfactory results that have been achieved so far. Stress has been laid on the need for attending to other aspects of rural economic reorganization, particularly the development of agricultural marketing. Two of the most essential prerequisites of such development are the enactment of legislation to check mal-practices in the trade and to prevent the exploitation of the producer and the formation of agencies for the joint marketing of agricultural produce In both these respects, action was taken by the Congress Ministry in Bombay during their short tenure of office. There is now on the statute book an Agricultural Produce Markets Act to regulate the working of markets in the districts. A full-fledged marketing department with a Chief Marketing Officer at the head has been created and each district will have at its disposal the services of a Marketing Officer, whose duty it will be to watch the working of markets and to assist in the organization of marketing on a co-operative basis.

It is necessary, however, that a proper programme of work should be drawn up for being executed in the various districts. Otherwise the marketing staff will confine their energies more to problem of regulation, standardization and investigation than to the organization of marketing. All rural marketing surveys that have been conducted so far bring out the fact that the producer does not get proper value for the produce he places in the market While it should be the aim of every producer to buy in the cheapest market and to sell in the dearest, the condition of indebtedness under which he labours and his lack of organization compel the average agriculturist in this Province as elsewhere in India mostly to buy in the dearest market and to sell in the cheapest. To bring about a change in this state of things, it is necessary, in the first place, to start a large number of marketing organizations, preferably on a co-operative basis in the local centres of trade in agricultural produce. In the second place, it is necessary to secure their proper co-ordination and to link them up with markets in the consuming centres.

For the latter purpose, the Province will require the formation of a Central Marketing Society at the apex, and from this point of view those associated with the work of rural development should welcome the proposal in that direction that was approved at a recent meeting convened in Bombay by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies. Such an institution will flourish, however, only to the extent that it derives strength and support from marketing organization in the districts. Secondly in the present condition of ural economy in India no such endeavour can succeed unless in the initial stages it is liberally subsidized by Government and receives the backing of all departments of the State. Marketing organizations in other countries enjoy such support and those entrusted with the framing of the scheme in Bombay should insist that it is forthcoming before they go ahead with their plans.

The High Cost Of Brains

(A FOREIGN VISITOR'S VIEW)

When a mail peon posts some letters of his own, he finds that one day's wages will pay for the postage of only five or six letters. He may not know it, but his brother "mail carrier" in the United States, for instance, can send two hundred letters with the pay he gets for one day's work.

Not everyone in the postal service, however, is paid as little as the mail peon. Higher-ups in that service get up to fifty to a hundred times as much as the humble peon in India, whereas in America even rather high officials of that service get but three or four times the pay of the mail carrier.

I watched a cooly re-arranging stones on a railway embankment. He was getting four annas a day, and with that he could afford to buy a ticket for the trains passing over his embankment to ride but a dozen miles, and that in third class. Then I thought of the American labourer doing the same kind of work, and how he was getting enough daily to ride on the trains of his railway in the equivalent of India's second class a distance of one hundred and fifty miles.

Of course, there are the higher-ups in the railway to think of and the high-ups in the firms that supply the telegraph apparatus, the lighting systems in the trains, and all that a railway needs. It all looks something like one gigantic pyramid, with the poor, four anna man carrying the whole burden.

★

When the poor labourer in India gets ill,—and he gets ill rather more frequently than the more fortunate workers in other lands, he calls for some medical man. He does not call for a properly qualified doctor, for he cannot afford such a medical man, but for some well meaning and honest or some throughly depraved and dishonest quack. It amounts to about the same whether one has a fool or a knave as a physician.

The average properly qualified medical doctor has had to spend at least twenty-four years of his life preparing for his work. The six years of college and medical school studies alone cost him perhaps Rs. 3,000—Rs. 5,000 or even more. He must realize at least ten per cent annually on his investment plus a fair return for his daily and nightly exertions in the service of the sick. For this he finds he must charge about Rs. 2 for each visit, and this is asmuch as a poor man earns in a week. The American doctor needs charge only half of a poor man's daily wage for a visit.

The disparity in India is due to the excessive cost of medical degrees, and the reason for this, again, is to be found partly in the salaries of the higher-ups on the medical school facilities and in the excessive cost of school equipment in India.

★

And the factory? American labourers get four dollars a day, and trained college graduated engineers seven or eight dollars a day. In India the former gets four annas a day, and the latter eighty to a hundred and fifty times as much.

I suppose that the services of the more highly paid brain workers are really worth the price that is paid for them in wages. Even if that is the case, we must strive for a state of affairs in which we may be able to get qualified engineers, for example, for two rupees a day. If we succeed in this, we shall be able to offer workmen, at a price within their means, the ordinary amenities of civilization, which are unnecessarily denied to them now. Then only will India have a healthier economic life with all that this means in increased human happiness, social security and longevity.

The son of the four anna a day labourer can furnish us with the cheap brains required if someone can be found to teach him.

Excellent work is being done by Tata's at Jamshedpur in imparting technical training to the sons of their employees. Young men of the labouring classes, after passing through high school and the technical and night schools provided for them are enabled in a few years to earn Rs. 200 to Rs. 300 a month. In the same province high school graduates are begging for posts that may bring them even thirty rupees a month.

It may be objected that technical and scientific education is expensive, but this sort of education can produce men who are able to earn sufficient for the State to tax them for a considerable amount for further technical training for others, without causing any serious inconvenience to those taxed. In other words, money spent on proper technical education can bring a return to the State. Industries too should contribute to the spread of technical and scientific education.

Managements of factories in India whose parent establishments in Europe and America do so much for the technical training of their employees in their home lands could help ever so much if they would adopt the same attitude towards their Indian employees

'Lease And Lend' Bill Fight In U. S. Senate

WASHINGTON, March 3.

While the opposition leave no doubt of their intention to endeavour to prevent a vote on the Lease and Lend Bill by Saturday, Senator George, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee has promised to do everything in his power to bring a vote about. Meanwhile, both sides are counting their potential votes. Oppositionists report that including all doubtfuls, only 44 votes against the Bill can be found. The Administration on the other hand claim 52 certain votes and estimates the strength against the bill at between 23 and 27. The full strength of the Senate is 96.

Republican Senator Lodge is now canvassing colleagues to see whether enough voters can be amassed to displace the Bill by substituting an immediate loan of 2,000 million dollars.

During to-day's debate, Senator Walsh declared that the enactment of the Bill would be "Equivalent to a declaration of war." Against this Senators Skather and Tunnell both asserted that the war talk was designed to frighten the people.—Reuter.

Kalidasa Brought To Dance-Halls

A Study In Ballet Technique Of Menaka Troupe

(By K. A. Chidambaram)

Menaka Indian Ballet's season in the city came to a close yesterday after four days' recitals at the Excelsior. The season's outstanding feature was the dance drama 'Malavikagnimitram', Kalidasa's masterpiece. It was a well-stylised 'Total Ballet', perhaps the first of its kind attempted for a full night's programme. That it was thoroughly enjoyable without a tinge of monotony, though lasting for over two hours, was a feather in the cap of Menaka, not merely as a ballerina of repute, but also as a successful ballet-maker.

Job Of Jobs

Menaka's long experience in the dance world and her keen sense of choreography have stood her well in 'balletising' Kalidasa, and bringing the immortal dramatist back to the stage in a new garb. In one sense, no author's work lends itself so easily to dramatic and dance adaptation as that of Kalidasa, whose profound knowledge of dance idioms and sequences runs through all his works, especially Malavikagnimitram. In fact, students of Sanskrit in Pathasalas are advised to study Bharata Natya Sastra along with Kalidasa's 'Kavyas', because while Bharata's work is something of an Indian Dance Code, the "Kavyas" constitute an admirable commentary on it, and help clarification of many knotty points. At the same time, to translate drama in terms of dance, and present it in an understandable way without the aid of speech or background vocal music relating the story, is a job of jobs. Even Kathakali, whose synonym is dance-drama profusely employs vocal music and sometimes even 'slokas' to mark the progress of the story in the dance. But to eschew them altogether and mainly to depend upon instrmental music which marks the 'tal' alone, add to the difficulty of the artistes, who will not be able to drive home the story to the audience, unless they are thorough with the mastery of the dance technique in all its departments. The language of dance is more eloquent than the powers of speech, and therein lies the test for the dance artistes.

Beauty Of The Line

Menaka Ballet's 'attack' and dance stylisation of Kalidasa's drama mark a creditable attempt in dance-histrionics. Deft use is made of 'tal' variations to work up the 'complication and resolution' of the drama. This acts as a fool-proof control to regulate the poetry of motion in slow, medium and full tempo, to meet the exigencies of the situation. It admirably breaks the monotony, and eliminates jamming, derailment and other pitfalls to which the dancers' flesh is heir. It also helps in the achievement of the beauty of the line, which is the 'bull's eye' in ballet.

Dance Groupings

Another line of approach which Menaka Ballet has used for dance and dramatic effect is the skilful variation of dance styles. Various schools of dance have been pressed into service to relieve the monotony, to punctuate the scenes and to assemble and disperse groups of dancers. It is purely a companionate arrangement, full of co-ordination and honourable co-operation. But care is taken to see that there is no medley or mixture or hotch-potch of styles and the technique of the various schools of dance is kept intact and unalloyed.

Co-ordination Of Styles

The whole theme is conceived in 'Kathak' which Menaka prefers to call Classical North Indian Technique. This style because of its dominant 'lasya bhava,' graceful steps and foot-work, is eminently suited for group dancing. The opening scene 'Rang Bhum! Puja' starts in Manipuri style, because of the devotional nature of the theme. The garden scene and the 'love affair' between the maid

(Continued on Page 8, Col. 3)

Frankly Speaking

Critical Week

This is the critical week in the career of the Lease and Lend Bill. The Administration expects the Senate to vote upon it on Saturday. But, on the other hand, the Opposition are determined to endeavour to prevent a vote by that day. There is little doubt that President Roosevelt will have the majority of the Senate behind him—if necessary, by accepting a few further amendments—and that the Opposition are too optimistic in claiming otherwise. But the danger to the Bill comes from the possibility of "filibuster." If that is resorted to the Bill, even if it is not killed may take a long time to pass through. That would be tragic, indeed, because time is of the essence of things. If, however, the Bill succeeds in becoming law within, say, a fortnight, then Mr. Winant will have rightly ridiculed German propaganda that American help to Britain will come too late.

The Soviet Declaration

The Russian declaration in connection with Bulgaria's surrender to Germany is, in one sense, almost historic. For, it is for the first time since the signing of the Russo-German agreement that she has openly and definitely denounced, through this declaration, a German move. There have been important occasions—for instance, when Herr Hitler brought into being an Axis-Japanese Pact for consolidating Nazi and Fascist Imperialism in Europe and Asia around the U.S.S.R. and when the Fuehrer occupied Rumania—when Russian statesmen must have watched with pained anxiety the dangerous activities of their friend without even so much as previous reference to them. The pain evidently has become too acute to be borne only in silence, and the Russians have probably realised that the Fuehrer has been exploiting their realistic encouragement, even as he did that of Chamberlain, to their own ultimate disadvantage.

What Next?

But whatever their feelings, two questions arise out of the Russian declaration. Does it signalise a radical change in the policy of Russia towards Germany? This question cannot be answered yet. According to the Russian note, the entry of German troops into Bulgaria amounts, as it certainly does, to a menace to peace in the Balkans. But there is nothing to suggest that Russia proposes to do anything to preserve that peace. The second question is how will the Russian declaration affect the Balkan situation? Herr Hitler will certainly respect it as a warning in so far as Turkey is concerned. In fact his special courier bearing a message for President Ineunu is already in Ankara. That message doubtless contains solemn promises and assurances—which, of course, are invariably given by the Nazis for the purpose of breaking them at the proper time. Herr Hitler thus will not invade Turkey directly—yet. But the menace to Greece remains unless he finds, or seriously suspects, that the Russians are concerned about his aggression against Greece, too, or that the Turks will go to the assistance of their neighbour.

Chaing Kai-Shek's Warning

Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek struck the right note when he observed in his address at the opening session of the National People's Political Council that Japan's southward expansion was inseparable from her aggression against China. Some political commentators have lately believed that Japan was anxious finally to liquidate the Chinese "incident" in order to be free for her new adventure in the south. This is true only in this sense that the main pressure of Japan's might will be exerted in months to come on French Indo-China and the Dutch East Indies. But the respite which China will enjoy will be necessarily shortlived and Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek is shrewd enough not to accept any patched-up peace with Japan in spite of the blandishments offered by Matsuoka and Company. The menace of Japanese totalitarianism (as that of the Nazi brand) will be removed totally or not at all. The more reason, therefore, why, firstly, there ought to be a common front of democracies in the East as well as the West and, secondly Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek must heal the little rift with the Chinese communists as speedily as possible.

Literacy Day

A pleasing feature of the Literacy Week that is being celebrated in the City is that non-co-operation has not affected it, though Mr. B. G. Kher who as Premier inaugurated the movement nearly two years ago is not free to participate in it now. The Week doubtless forcibly reminds one of the many Congress leaders who worked hard for the movement but who are in jail to-day. But the very fact that they are not free to work for it should induce the public to strive harder to make it a success and worthy of its originators. Fortunately, the present Government also fairly recognise their duty in the matter. They have wisely restored the higher grants for literacy classes which they had reduced in 1939. But, they have done a disservice to the cause by raising the attendance limit of an adult class for the purpose of a grant from 15 to 20 for men and from 10 to 15 for women. As we have pointed out before, the new rule robs many promising classes of any chance to grow up to the required limit. We trust the rule will be duly relaxed in the light of experience. Meanwhile we would urge the public to make the fullest use of the facilities provided by Government, and to contribute liberally their service and money to the cause. We trust, too, that there will be intensive propaganda in April and May when college students and school teachers will be able to offer useful honorary service as they did two years ago.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

KARACHI, March 3.

Pir Elahi Bux, ex-Minister and mover of the no-confidence motion, in a press statement, says that he has declined the offer of the League to join them on the bait of ministership.—United Press.

* * * *

Sjt. C. Rajagopalacharia has referred Dr. Vardarajulu Naidu, the crusader against the present political deadlock to Mahatma Gandhi.

Gandhiji ought to pass the buck on to Lord Linlithgow.

* * *

The Working Committee of the Bengal Provincial Hindu Sabha has expressed want of confidence in Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq as the Chief Minister

With this certificate Mr. Huq can at any rate approach Mr. Jinnah for forgiveness.

* * * *

The capitalist, Mr. Manu Subedar pleads, should not be liquidated but watched and regulated.

The suggestion sounds good to us. We should certainly apply for a position in the Watch and Ward Force for—er—regulating capitalists.

* * * *

Amir Abdullah of Transjordan declares that Turkey is the bastion of Islamic east.

But, of course, she wasn't that in the last war, was it?

* * * *

A special courier, it is reported, has arrived in Turkey bearing a message from Herr Hitler to President Ineunu.

The message, it need hardly be doubted, conveys a solemn assurance that the Fuehrer will respect and safeguard Turkish neutrality and independence even by marching troops to Istanbul and Ankara.

* * * *

Russia has accused Bulgaria of helping to extend the war and has added that she, Russia, cannot support the Bulgarian attitude.

The definiteness of the declaration has astounded us. And if we do not actually reel it is because we still hope for some compensatory announcement, for instance, a warning or so, to Turkey

* * * *

National defence, declared Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek at National People's Political Council, must take precedence over everything else.

It probably would, should Matsuoka fail to bring on a Russo-Japanese Pact.

* * * *

Mr. Menzies, the Australian Prime Minister, does not believe in the inevitability of a conflict in the Far East.

Has he perhaps correctly seen through Mr. Matsuoka?

* * * *

Admiral Darlan lunched with M. Laval at Paris yesterday.

It is not yet known whether the host succeeded in pressing upon the Admiral a good helping of the proverbial pie.

* * * *

The American Ambassador to Britain, Mr. Winant, who was formerly head of the International Labour Office, says that if Hitler gets to Geneva he will now only find a fine building and library

And the library, of course, will be utterly useless to him.

* * * *

Two strangers in a first-class compartment were in friendly conversation. The windows had been closed by previous occupants and the desultory talk had drifted to the subject of ventilation

"I make it," said one, "an invariable practice to advise people to sleep with their bedroom windows open all the year round."

"Ho, ho!" laughed the other. "It is easy to see your profession."

"Indeed, and what do you think it is?"

"It is fairly obvious", came the reply in lofty tones, "that you're a doctor."

"Not at all!" retorted the first, very confidentially. "To tell you the truth, I'm—a burglar!"

London Reaction To Moscow Denunciation

Significance Of Broadcast And Rebuke To Bulgaria

LONDON, March 4.

The important statement broadcast from Moscow in regard to the German occupation of Bulgaria has given rise to much comment in diplomatic quarters in London, learns Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

There is no tendency, however to suggest that it means more than it says, namely, that the Soviet Government does not share the views of the Bulgarian Government that its attitude will lead to preservation of peace. Consequently, the Soviet Government is unable to support the Bulgarian Government in the execution of its present policy.

REBUKE TO BULGARIA.

It is an obvious rebuke to the Government of Bulgaria and gives a contradiction to those Bulgarian papers which were spreading reports that Russia was in full agreement with the latest developments. It must be recalled that the Bulgarian Prime Minister in his speech at Vienna in signing the Tripartite Pact reaffirmed his resolve to develop further traditional friendly relations with the Soviet Union.

This statement, which incidentally, was ignored by von Ribbentrop in his reply does not seem to have mollified Moscow in any way.

SIGNIFICANT FEATURE.

A significant feature of the broadcast is that it was repeated in several languages and on more than one occasion. It is therefore, obvious that the Soviet Government was determined to give it the widest publicity. More would have to be known of the true circumstance and underlying motives of the Soviet statement before any considered judgment would be possible so far as British quarters are concerned.

GERMANY BLAMED.

It is clear that an opportunity has been taken in the statement to underline the Soviet's attitude of non-involvement in the struggle and her desire that operations should not be extended. By implication the blame for the spread of the conflict has been put on Germany's shoulders as the statement clearly implies that the occupation of Bulgaria is to extend the operation.

MOSCOW BROADCAST

The Moscow broadcast says:—

On March 1 a representative of the Bulgarian Foreign Office informed the official representative of the Soviet Government in Bulgaria that the Bulgarian Government had agreed to the entry of German troops into Bulgaria for the purpose of consolidating peace in the Balkans.

On March 3 the Deputy Peoples' Commissar for Foreign Affairs M. Vishinsky replied as follows to the Bulgarian Minister in Moscow, M Stamenov.

EXTENSION OF SPHERE OF WAR.

In reply to the communication of March 1 from the representative of the Bulgarian Foreign Office to the official representative of the Soviet Government in Bulgaria to the effect that the Bulgarian Government in Bulgaria had agreed to the entry of German troops into Bulgaria and that this action had the purpose of preserving peace in the Balkans, the Soviet Government deem it necessary to say that, firstly, the Soviet Government cannot share the view of the Bulgarian Government as to the correctness of her attitude in this question as this attitude, independently or whether the Bulgarian Government wishes it, leads not to consolidation of peace but to extension of the sphere of war and the involving of Bulgaria in the war.

Secondly, the Soviet Government, true to its peace policy, is not in a position to render any support whatever to the Bulgarian Government in the execution of her present policy.

The Soviet Government finds it necessary to make this statement particularly in view of unhindered rumours spread in the Bulgarian press which fundamentally misrepresent the real attitude of the Soviet Government.

German Forces In Balkans

It is believed in London that the total number of German effectives in Rumania and Bulgaria does not exceed a quarter of a million men, and that the total number of German aeroplanes is between 500 and 600 including fighters and reconnaissance aircraft.

FRANCO-THAI DISPUTE

Tokyo Determined To End Peace Talks By Friday

TOKYO, Mar. 4.

A Japanese spokesman said today that the outlook of the negotiations with France and Thailand was hopeful, but he deprecated too much optimism. He said that there had been no major change, but whatever modifications had been made were only slight. Japan, he added, was determined to bring the peace talks to a conclusion by Friday, March 7, on which day the Armistice between French Indo-China and Thailand expires.—Reuter.

AUSTRALIA, JAPAN & THE PACIFIC

SYDNEY, Mar. 4.

"I wish Australia and Japan could reach an understanding based on mutual respect and friendship," declared Mr. Akiyama, Japanese Consul-General at Sydney commenting on Mr. Menzies' speech to the Foreign Press Association in London. He suggested that the two countries "should draw up a treaty, or a mutual declaration."

Welcoming Mr. Menzies' speech in which the Australian Prime Minister said he did not believe that a conflict with Japan was inevitable, Mr. Akiyama said: "There is really no need for alarm, warnings or suspicion. I appeal to both the Australian and Japanese people to keep calm and look clearly and with sympathy at the Pacific situation."—Reuter.

RUMANIAN PLEBISCITE

LONDON, Mar. 4.

It is officially announced in Bucharest that the final result of the Rumanian plebiscite on General Antonescu's policy, says a German wireless message, was as follows:—

"YES": 20,18,000;
"NO": 2,558.—Reuter.

GREEK VESSELS REQUISITIONED

ROME, March 4.

The Rumanian Government has requisitioned 17 River Tugs and 36 flat-bottomed vessels belonging to Greek concerns, according to a Bucharest telegram to the Official Italian News Agency. It adds that the step has been taken for reasons of public interest."—Reuter.

Punjab Satyagrahis Total 352

121 Political Workers Arrested Under Defence Rules

LAHORE, March 3.

The second phase of the Congress individual Satyagraha campaign in the Punjab came to an end on February 28 last.

Enquiries made in Congress headquarters indicate that since the movement was launched in the Province in November last, 352 Satyagrahis were arrested, while 121 other political workers were sent to jail for various activities, under the Defence of India Rules.

The total amount of fines imposed during this period amounted to Rs. 27,036.

Satyagrahis who were arrested included 12 ladies, one European, two lady M.L.A.'s and 21 members of Local Bodies.

One hundred and twenty other political workers were also detained in the Province since the war started.—United Press.

Arrests And Convictions In Punjab

LAHORE, March 4.

Following arrests and convictions in connection with Congress Satyagraha are reported from various parts of the Province:—

KHANEWAL: L. Pindi Dass, Municipal Commissioner, sentenced to nine months' imprisonment. Mistri Jamaldin, eighteen months' imprisonment and fine of Rs. 50. Sitaram, nineteen months' imprisonment and fine of Rs. 100. Lala Moolchand, twenty months' imprisonment and fine of Rs. 300; Mahashe Jassuram, twenty-one months' imprisonment; Sardar Kishansingh, 22 months' imprisonment and fine of Rs. 100; Desraj, 23 months' imprisonment and fine of Rs. 300; Lala Shivdyal, 24 months' imprisonment.

Dr. Parmanand, President of the Khanewal Congress Committee, has been arrested.

LYALLPUR: Sardar S. Dhannasingh, arrested; Raj Singh, sentenced to six months' imprisonment and fined Rs. 50.

JULLUNDUR: Didarsingh, Jathadar of District Akali Jatha and a member of the Provincial Congress, Amarsingh, President, and Premsingh, Secretary, of the Bundala Congress, respectively, Lala Churanjeelal, Gurbachansingh and Munshasingh, sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment each and fine of Rs. 300 each. Ramnath, a Congress worker, sentenced to six months' imprisonment.—A. P.

RETRENCH TO FILL UP BUDGET GAP

Why Double Duty On Poor Man's Matches, Asks Mussa Sait

MADRAS, March 4.

Increase in surcharge on income-tax and super tax was very unwelcome and the doubling of the duty on matches would hit the poor man very much, said Khan Bahadur Mohamed Mussa Sait, President of the Muslim Chamber of Commerce Madras in the course of a statement regarding the Central Budget for 1941-42.

During this period of war, when the people of India were asked to bear extra burden, he suggested a cut of ten per cent. in the salaries of Government officials at the top in order to fill up the gap in budget deficit. He also urged the Government to resort to all round retrenchment for the period of emergency.—A. P.

Editors' Conference Meeting

NEW DELHI, March 4.

The Standing Committee of the Editors' Conference held its first meeting to-day and examined the Government's reply to the resolutions adopted at its last meeting.

It is understood that the President, Mr. K. Srinivasan, will send a reply to the Government in the light of discussions in the Committee, which meets tomorrow also.

Among those present to-day were the Chairman, Mr. K. Srinivasan, the Convener, Mr. J. N. Sahni, Messrs. C. R. Srinivasan, M. N. Cama, Tushar Kanti Ghose, Suresh Chandra Majumdar, Francis Low, J. Kirchner, F. W. Bustin, P. L. Sondhi, Ramkrishna Mehta, Amritlal Sheth, Natarajan, Devdas Gandhi, Mahadev Desai, Parasnath Sinha, K. Srinivasan (Bombay), P. D Sharma and K. P. Narayana.

The "Hindustan Times" entertained the members to luncheon.—United Press.

JAPAN AND OCEANIA

Nothing Aggressive In Matsuoka's Speech

TOKYO, March 4.

The speech by the Foreign Minister, Mr. Matsuoka, last week, in which he was reported as stating that "White races must cede Oceania to the Asiatics" has provoked a long statement from the Domei News Agency. The Agency says that the speech was misunderstood abroad and that there was nothing aggressive in Mr. Matsuoka's speech.

It also says that Mr. Matsuoka's actual words were: "It is my consistent intention that White races should give the Japanese and other Asiatic races a chance to emigrate to and develop Oceania at least."—Reuter.

C.-in-C. 'Bags' Kunzru

Agreed Resolution Before Council Of State

NEW DELHI, March 4.

For the first time in the history of the Council of State, His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief has given notice of a resolution, to be moved on March 6, to substitute the resolution of Pandit Hirdaynath Kunzru regarding recruitment from all classes and areas for additional forces for the war.

The substitute resolution reads: "The Council of State, while recognising that, to begin with, the Army could be most speedily expanded only on the existing basis of recruitment, recommends to the Governor-General in Council that the Army authorities should now review the sources of man-power throughout the country, and should exclude no class or area from consideration for recruitment in the formation of new units."

The "United Press" lobby correspondent learns that Pandit Hirdaynath Kunzru, who had tabled a resolution urging recruitment from all classes and areas for additional forces for the war, had a talk with General Sir Claude Auchinleck, Commander-in-Chief in India, and as a result agreed to the amendment that has been tabled by the Defence Member.

Accordingly, it is expected that the Commander-in-Chief's resolution will be carried "nem con" in the Council of State on March 6.—United Press.

PUNJAB GOVT.'S BID FOR COMMUNAL UNITY

LAHORE, March 4.

The Punjab Government have prepared a scheme for the promotion of communal harmony in the Province.

The scheme envisages the collection of authentic historical incidents indicating tolerance and respect for the susceptibilities of the followers of other religions on the part of Hindu, Muslim and Sikh Rulers, both past and present; organisation of lectures by eminent leaders on communal harmony and encouragement of papers and magazines of good standing which studiously refrain from indulging in communal politics and consistently advocate communal harmony.

An attempt will be made to strike at the root of the evil by tackling the problem in schools and colleges where prizes will be awarded for essays by students on the subject of communal harmony.

A provision of Rs. one lakh in this connection has been made the next year's budget.—A. P.

Air Training At Hyderabad

HYDERABAD (Deccan), March 4.

The First Air Force Elementary Flying School in India was opened yesterday at Begumpet.

It is understood that the school will turn out a hundred pilots each year. The scheme will entail a capital expenditure of Rs. 1.75 lakhs to be met by the Nizam's Government.

Begumpet aerodrome has been provided with all facilities of a first class and up-to-date airport.—A. P.

Jodhpur-Dhrangadhra Alliance

JODHPUR, March 4.

The betrohal of Shri Bara Maharajkumar Sahib of Jodhpur with the Rajkumari Saheba of Dhrangadhra has been announced. The ceremony takes place to-morrow, and a public holiday has been declared.—United Press.

MOBILISING INDUSTRY FOR WAR EMERGENCY

Consolidation Bill Aims At Release Of Labour, Materials And Factory Space For More Essential Purposes

LONDON, March 4.

A new policy of "industrial consolidation" affecting about fifty major industries was announced by Captain Oliver Lyttelton in the House of Commons to-day.

In consequence of the need for severe reduction of civil consumption and release of labour, materials and factory space for more essential purposes, many factories would necessarily work only part time, put the new policy would be to concentrate production in a reduced number of factories working full time which should be able to produce the output required for Government orders, the greatest practicable export trade and the minimum needs of the population, while preserving the goodwill of other factories which would be closed.

To co-ordinate the new policy is the scope of the Export Council. Government appeals for cooperation of the companies concerned, but where firms are unwilling or unable to meet the situation voluntarily, Government will impose legislation.

Unparalleled Snowstorm In Britain

Fall Continues For 50 Hours: Military Called Out To Clear Roads

LONDON, March 3.

It can now be stated that a snowstorm of a magnitude unparalleled for more than half a century raged in North England in the third week of February, snow falling continuously for 50 hours between North Yorkshire and the Scottish border.

There was a fall of four feet of snow in one part of Yorkshire in one night bringing all road and rail traffic to a standstill and necessitating calling out of troops in order to clear the Great North Road which is normally used by thousands of civilian and military vehicles daily.

In open areas snow drifts were sometimes ten feet high.—Reuter.

SUPPORT CONGRESS CANDIDTAES FOR CENTRAL BY-ELECTIONS

Rajen Babu's Appeal To Maharashtra Voters

ALLAHABAD, March 4.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, member of the Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee, has issued the following statement in connection with the Maharashtra by-election:—

"The by-election for filling two vacancies from Maharashtra in the Central Assembly has been forced upon the public for no particular reason. We all know that the Central Assembly has outlived its normal course and should in normal course have been dissolved years ago. The Government has been extending its term from year to year and now when it is in its seventh year of existence by-elections have been ordered for filling vacancies which have been created.

We would not have ordinarily thought it worth while to contest these by-elections but it seems they have been forced upon us and we must show that the Congress holds the place of affection in the hearts of the people of Maharashtra. The absence of leaders and workers in jails and the similar absence of the two friends whose seats have been declared vacant will, I hope, make no difference and the Congress candidates will secure the overwhelming support of all voters in their respective constituencies.

Let Maharashtra show once more that they misunderstand and misjudge her who think they can get her confidence by taking her unaware or by taking advantage of the absence of many of her servants".—United Press.

Irish Minister For America

DUBLIN, March 4.

Mr. Frank Aiken, Eire Minister for co-ordination of defensive measures, is leaving for the United States to-morrow by air to examine the possibilities of purchasing arms and supplies from America, according to an official.—Reuter.

Free French Movement In Phillippines

MANILA, March 4.

The French community here has organised a Philippine branch of the Free French movement to help the cause of Britain.

The Chairman of the new committee M. August Vabre stated that General de Gaulle would soon appoint a general delegate for the Philippines.—Reuter.

CALCUTTA, March 4.—Mr. Abdur Rahman Sidiqi, Mayor of Calcutta, has been elected President and Mr. M. A. Aziz Khan, Mr. S. M. Nauman, Mr. Mohamed Rafique and Khan Bahadur G. A. Dossani, Vice-Presidents of the Muslim Chamber of Commerce for 1941.—A. P.

LEASE AND LEND BILL

Renewed Hope Of Passage By Saturday

WASHINGTON, March 4.

Authoritative quarters here reported to-day that administration leaders were prepared to accept an amendment to the Lease and Lend Bill which the Democrat Senator Omahoney proposes to introduce providing that War supplies to Britain "shall not be delivered outside the Western Hemisphere by the land or naval forces of the United States without the consent of Congress."

It is understood that supporters of the earlier amendment which proposed that the President should obtain the sanction of Congress before sending United States troops outside the Western Hemisphere will accept this substitute. The favourable reception given to Senator Omahoney's proposal has led to renewed hope of the passage of the bill by Saturday.—Reuter.

GERMAN-AMERICANS AGAINST HITLER

NEW YORK, March 4.

"Warned by the Conference speakers that Americans of German descent especially in the Middle West are being duped by Nazi propaganda the German-American Congress for democracy has endorsed a programme of counter—propaganda designed to reduce un-American influence," says the "New York Herald Tribune." "Members are resolved to prove to the nation," adds the newspaper, "that men and women of German origin could be united against Hitler."—Reuter.

TURKEY BASTION OF ISLAMIC EAST

JERUSALEM, March 3.

Amir Abdullah, the Ruler of Transjordan, commenting on the Anglo-Turkish talks, said Turkey was the bastion of Islamic east. Any attack on Turkey or its security zone would bring the oriental nations to her support.

New Turkey with her ally Britain was a tremendous power capable of resisting any aggression, the Amir continued.—Reuter.

WEATHER IMPEDES MECHANICAL TRANSPORT

Motor-Cyclists Crash

LONDON, March 4.

The German army's march into Bulgaria was planned in great detail, but it is clear from the story of one section of the march sent to Berlin by the correspondent of the Official German News Agency that the incalculable factor of the weather found weak spots in the mechanical transport. "Many cars and especially motorcycles lay at the side of the road in a broken condition" he writes. Some men of a unit with which the correspondent travelled entered a mosque and slept for the night on rugs there. Motor cyclists—"every one of them crashed more than once"—soon sank into sleep. They moved on again next morning, though "it took some hours to get all the vehicles into working order".—Reuter.

ADMIRAL DARLAN TO VISIT PARIS

VICHY, March 4.

Commenting on Admiral Darlan's forthcoming journey to Paris on Tuesday the Official French News Agency says that from now on he intends to make frequent visits to the French capital for the purpose of making contact with the occupying authorities.—Reuter.

German Ship Reaches Rio de Janeirio

RIO DE JANEIRO, March 4.

The German ship "Leck" has arrived from Bordeaux after 31 days' crossing of the Atlantic. She carried 840 persons and a cargo including an aeroplane for the Condor Syndicate.—Reuter.

BERAR CONGRESS COMMITTEES DISSOLVED

AKOLA, March 3.

Under instructions from Mahatma Gandhi, all the District, Taluq Nagar, and Gram Congress Committees in the province of Berar have been dissolved.—United Press.

46 PER CENT!

Muslims' Share In Trade Of Madras

NEW DELHI, March 4.

With reference to the report of Mr. Esaak Sait's speech in the Central Assembly on the Madras Port Trust Bill, he states that the share of Muslims in the trade of Madras is 46 per cent. and not 6 per cent. as reported.—A. P.

No Chungking Troops For Burma

TOKYO, March 4.

The Japanese press allegations that 20,000 Chungking troops had been moved into Burma recently to strengthen British Defence there in accordance with an alleged secret Anglo-Chinese Military Agreement were categorically denied by the British Ambassador Sir Robert Craigie in an interview with Mr. Ohashi, the Japanese vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs. This was revealed by the official Japanese spokesman Mr. Ishii at a Press Conference to-day Tuesday. The spokesman further said that Sir Robert Craigie had assured Mr. Ohashi that no plan existed for the entry of Chungking troops into Burma.—Reuter.

U. S. A. TO ISSUE NEW "ASSET FREEZING" ORDER

WASHINGTON, March 3.

A new "asset freezing" order will be issued by the United States Government by to-morrow morning, stated the Treasury Secretary, Mr. Morgenthau to-day. While declining to make any definite statement anent its scope, he hinted that it might cover all nations.—Reuter.

FRENCH SHIP TORPEDOED

MADRID, March 4.

A 5,000 ton French ship, whose name is given as "Guievinet" was torpedoed by an unknown vessel 170 miles off San Sebastian on February 19.

Now 22 survivors have been taken to Pasajes near San Sebastian in a fishing vessel, seventeen others of the French crew being lost.—Reuter.

It is not surprising that some of the regular buyers of British foodstuffs in this country might believe that their purchases will mean so much less food for the people of Great Britain. While this sentiment is commendable it is also incorrect. British Cake and Biscuit Manufacturers have been asked by the Government to maintain, to the fullest extent, their Export Trade and this is more important now than ever before. The answer, therefore, to the above question is:

"In the case of . . . BISCUITS - Yes."

★HUNTLEY & PALMERS
Of Reading, England

continue to offer an extensive range of all types of their famous biscuits—cream filled, wafers, shortbreads, children's biscuits and all standard lines. Their quality remains as high as ever.

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

I was introduced yesterday to a smartly dressed, tall but unassuming man with a gentle premature middle-age spread. It was to my surprise "Duleep," the finest and styliest cricketer that ever went from India to grace a cricket field with his silken and flannelled presence. What a change there was in Duleep from the days when one saw him at Lords or the Oval! But, he told me, he felt much better, of which I am personally very glad. He was always a charming a person and made friends wherever he went. His presence did this country good, wherever he went.

The American Women's Tea Dance is coming on this Thursday. It has always been the show of the year and one sincerely hopes it will live upto its reputation. Which reminds me, I forgot to mention what a poor show the Spitfire Ball was where I looked in late and wished I hadn't looked in at all. The dance floor was intolerable and everybody complained it was agony to attempt to drag one's partner over it. I feel that people who are called upon by the organizers of such shows to come and spend their money, have a right to expect something better.

The magazine "Art and Culture" has just come out. I haven't seen it carefully but the contents page is imposing even though the printing and exterior are disappointing.

Kalidas Brought To Dance-Halls

(Continued from Page 6.)

and Vidushaka are done in Kathakali technique. The reason is not far to seek. It is just as a relief to the two previous scenes done in Kathak. As a solo, it can be better rendered in the 'Dasi Atam' technique of Tanjore. There is nothing mysterious or sancrosanct about the change-over from the Kathak to Kathakali style. It is just like the art of a dramatist who gives rhymes and blank verse to major characters and prose to minor characters. It is nothing but the trick of a printer who uses Capitals, Lower Case and Italics alternately for even spacing and display. The Durbar Hall scene which is the final act of the drama witnesses a pageant of different schools of dance. The Court dancer does his solo in Kathakali. Then follows a duet which finally ends in group dancing, gay and colourful.

Music And Decor

The orchestra artistes rendered a good account of themselves and intelligently co-operated in the team work without which no Indian ballet could be produced. Karl Khandalawala's decor and sartorial designs were a notable contribution to the colour scheme. The dress modes not only brought to the fore the glory that was Ind but also enabled free and unrestricted movements showing off the torso and the profile of the artistes. The skirt designs were colourful and displayed the waist-line, the envy of world artistes like Pavlova.

Bold Experimentation

This ballet is a bold experimentation and is capable of improvement in many respects. A 'Dasi Atam' artiste with a mastery of Tanjore style will be a useful addition to the ballet; for that school of dance should be given a rightful place in any Indian ballet scheme. Also the Orchestra should be supplemented by a flutist, without whom, it will not be complete.

Dance Pool

The possibilities of the ballet as a clearing-house of various schools of dance talents in the country are immense. Dance follows the theme, and there should be no taboo or cloistered sanctity about any school of dance. 'Abisharika' is the favourite theme of Manipuri dancers, but 'Menaka' did it in faultless Kathak. A friend of mine who was present in the first recital asked me why the number "Temptation of Buddha" was set to Kathakali technique of Malabar, which had the least contact with Buddhism. Shevanti, in the role of the temptress, wonderfully brought out the 'lasya bhava' inherent in Moniniattam, an auxiliary of Kathakali, which is predominantly a 'Tandav' type of dance. The answer to the question is simple. Malabar may not have had contact with Buddhism, but Kathakali like Buddhism cuts across physical and political frontiers to join forces with other schools of dance which equally claim descent from Bharata Natya Sastra. Herein lies the innate unity of the Indian dance systems. The dance-map of India is one, indivisible and inalienable.

Ambitious Programme For Bombay Conference

But Sir Chimanlal Pessimistic About Outcome

BOMBAY, March 4.

A comprehensive agenda covering various problems of outstanding importance will be gone through by the forthcoming Non-Party Political Leaders' Conference, which will be held in Bombay on March 13 and 14 next under the presidentship of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru.

The "United Press" learns that as many as thirteen items form the agenda of the conference, most important among them being discussion on the question of constitution of the Central Government with a non-official majority drawn from representatives of all political parties, appointment of Indian Governors from the ranks of such Indians whose administrative and executive capacity is of proved mettle, and the formation of Coalition Ministries in the provinces, with a view to co-operating with the Government in their war efforts.

The "United Press" further understands that the conference will discuss effective measures for constituting the Indian Army, Navy and Air Force for the protection of India from external aggression, as well as to devise ways and means to give impetus to or otherwise create heavy industries like automobile, aeroplanes and ship-building.

Formulation of a constitutional report on the basis of a free constitution for India to suggest a method by which the interim war machinery of the Government will be transformed into a productive constitutional instrument containing integral parts of Dominion Status is another item on the agenda.

The conference, it is learned will devote its main attention to the solution of communal differences now obtaining in the country, and towards this direction, the conference is expected to draw a list embodying the major points of Hindu-Muslim differences.

The conference is also expected to prepare a comprehensive statement calling upon His Majesty's Government to declare their attitude towards India in clear and unequivocal terms, and meanwhile, assuring them of co-operation in their war efforts.

About fifty invitations have so far been issued, and it is stated that with a few exceptions, all invitees are expected to attend the conference.

SETALVAD PESSIMISTIC

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad and Mr. V. D. Savarkar are among those in Bombay who have received invitations for the conference of non-party leaders which is to meet in the city on March 13 for evolving a plan to end the present deadlock.

Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar has not received any formal invitation so far.

While the Hindu Mahasabha leaders seem to be taking an active interest in the conference, Liberal circles in Bombay are not very much enthused.

Referring to the conference, in the course of an interview to the "Chronicle", Sir Chimanlal Setalvad said:—"While it is the duty of every public man in India to make all efforts and explore all avenues for resolving the present political deadlock, I do not see that the proposed conference will bring any fruitful result. As long as the two major organisations namely, the Congress and the Muslim League, are poles apart, a solution for the present impasse is almost impossible."

Sir Chimanlal blamed the Congress for doing nothing, while it was in power, for winning the confidence of Muslims and other minorities and for "acting on the theory that democracy consisted merely on votes and counting of heads."

Sir Chimanlal added:—"The present position of the Congress or rather that of its leader, Gandhi, in the matter of the war makes it impossible to arrive at any agreed formula for political peace. Gandhi has openly declared that the Congress is so wedded to the principle of non-violence, that nothing can be done when the war is on. Because of that attitude, any solution of the present stalemate is not possible."

Sir Chimanlal characterised the Congress demand for freedom of speech to speak against the prosecution of war "as ridiculous" in view of the present world conditions.

"Unless both the Congress and the Muslim League abandon their extreme position", said Sir Chimanlal "and work for the genuine desire for the political emancipation of the country, I am afraid, there is no possibility of any improvement in the present deplorable political situation."

Madras Invitees To Bombay Conference

MADRAS, March 4.

Mr. G. A. Natesan, editor, the "Indian Review" has accepted an invitation from Sir Jagdish Prasad from Allahabad to attend the Leaders' Conference to be held in Bombay on the 13th March.

The Rt. Hon. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri, who received invitation a few days ago has hitherto neither accepted nor declined it. If his health permits, he is likely to attend the Conference.—A. P.

Disastrous Fire In Lucknow Village

LUCKNOW, March 4.

Report of a disastrous fire which gutted 70 houses and caused considerable damage to cattle and property yesterday has been received from Iraunha, a village in Sultanpur district.

The villagers had to fight 36 hours before the fire could be brought under control. Relief measures are being organised by district officials in collaboration with zamindars.—A. P.

Madras Government have notified that no by-elections will be held for the present to fill the vacancies in the Madras Legislature caused by two deaths recently.

PRISONER'S DARING BID FOR LIBERTY

Jumps Out Of Moving Train With Handcuffs On

LAHORE, March 4.

A daring bid for liberty was made by a prisoner, Mirdad of Campbellpur, who, while being transferred from the Lahore Central jail, where he was detained under the Defence of India Act, to Montgomery Jail under police escort, jumped out with handcuffs from a running train last night near Pattoki, forty miles from here, and escaped.

Two police constables who were escorting the prisoner, have been suspended.—A. P.

HARTAL IN CALCUTTA

Protest Against Sales Tax Bill

CALCUTTA, March 4.

Shops and markets in Indian quarters of the city remain closed for the second time to-day as a protest against the Bengal Finance (Sales Tax) Bill, now awaiting the final verdict of the provincial legislature.

The Bill seeks to impose a tax on the sales of commodities other than agricultural produce and raw material.

BOMBAY TELEPHONE COMPANY

Directors Recommend Govt. Offer

The Directors of the Bombay Telephone Company, Limited, announce that "The Government Telephones Board Limited" has made an offer under Section 153B of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, to purchase all the shares of the Bombay Telephone Company, Limited, at the price of Rs. 89/15 per share. This price is subject to the deduction of every dividend (final and interim) declared payable after the 31st January, 1941 and does not bear interest, but the Directors do not propose to recommend the payment of any further dividend pending the final disposal of this offer.

This price for the shares is the equivalent of a sale of the Company's undertaking and assets on terms that, over and above the sum payable under the licenses in respect of the undertaking acquired and of the other assets the Government Telephones Board Limited pay an additional sum to compensate the shareholders for the profits which would have been earned down to 1943 when the Government of India would, according to their present intention, purchase the undertaking.

No discount has been deducted in respect of early payment of such estimated profits.

The Directors of the Bombay Telephone Company, Limited, have considered the offer and will strongly recommend the shareholders to accept it.

There will be some weeks delay before the offer can be communicated to shareholders as it will have to be accompanied by a transfer deed ready for signature by each shareholder.

Claude Batley On Role Of Architect

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Prof. Claude Batley spoke this evening at the University on "Man's Buildings." The lecture was under the auspices of the B. P. Adult Education Classes.

He criticised the popular nation that the work of the architect was to wait for any building to be finished, and then come and do something ornamental to them. Actually it was the job of the architect to plan and carry out the plan, with a view to ensure maximum economy, beauty and comfort. The importance of architecture, was realised even by hard-headed businessmen, who paid thousands for professional advice.

The architecture of the temple and Mausoleum in India, the ancient palaces of the Mogul Kings, were carried out in strict accordance with architectural principles. The aim was not the achievement of mere beauty or an exhibition of cleverness. Rather it was to create an atmosphere of "truthfulness". Quiteness, restraints, and an atmosphere of culture was visible in them. They drew the soul of man to them, and one felt in a mood of wonder and worship.

It was wrong to suppose that architecture dealt only with palaces, museums and monuments. In fact the individuality of the artist could be expressed even in the humblest building activity—in a cottage or a small house.

He admired modern architecture in so far as it discarded dead tradition and tried to express its individuality. It would be better if India should continue its old architectural tradition. This should be not for the sterile satisfaction of keeping to meaningless tradition, but because that particular tradition was good. What was useless, or out dated or ugly should be discarded. It was also wrong to suppose that tradition was in ornament and other externals; it was in plan and scope and general effect.

Films With A Purpose

"The war will result in a new social order and reorientation of cultural and artistic values. Like the last war, it will give us a new literature. It will also help to evolve a new type of film —purposeful and realistic" observed Mr. K. Ahmed Abbas in a lecture on "War And Films" delivered on Tuesday evening at the Socialist Hall, Mantri House, under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Union.

The speaker made it clear that "the war" began long before the invasion of Poland by Hitler. The earlier phases of the war had occurred in China, Abyssina, Spain, Austria and Czechoslovakia. All these various phases of the war had left a mark on human life and human culture, the films, being no exception.

"But there is another kind of war also," remarked the speaker, "the war between the haves and the have-nots, the exploiters and the exploited—a war that is silent but no less a reality." And this social and economic war had influenced films even more permanently than the war that is fought on the battlefields.

NEW TREND.

Illustrating the points made by him, Mr. Abbas gave examples of documentary films like "China Strikes Back" and "Spanish Earth" and observed that even Hollywood was producing anti-Dictator and progressive pictures. Realistic films like "The Grapes of Wrath" were a sign of the new trend. And Chaplin's "The Great Dictator" had conclusively proved that films were stepping beyond the realms of entertainment—into the field of politics—and heralded a new era of pictures with a purpose.

MELODY PREVAILS OVER JUNGLE LAW

D'Cruz's Paintings Breathe 'Human-Kindness'

Mr. A. P. D'Cruz—the well-known artist, who has organised his one man show in his studio at the Brabourne Stadium, needs no introduction. He is highly sensitive to the sufferings and struggles of mankind and creates pleasant allegories by personifying the abstract concepts of poverty, love, culture, etc. His style is urbane and poetic, and his art has a distinct touch of humaneness and lyrical tenderness. In spite of his allegiance to the academic traditions, Mr. D'Cruz is not orthodox in outlook.

The Oil paintings arrest the observer's eye for their originality of conception and unity of composition. In "Melody" (29) the human beings forget their fear and the wild animals, their cruel nature under the captivating influence of music and they appear to be moving in a delightful symphony of self-forgetfulness and engrossment towards the central figure.

"Culture" (46) with its three figures grouped round the "Lamp of Wisdom" represents the concept of culture. "Homeless Mother" (39) is an impressionistic suggestion of poverty. Other oil paintings which are worthy of appreciation are "First Death" (45) "Load" (53) "Rhythm" (40) and "Repentence" (42) Rev. Dr. Gezi (36) and "Child" (63) cannot be missed, among the portraits, which reflect simplicity and the depth of character-study.

The water colour section has some interesting exhibits like "Force" (26) "Cane Crushers" (20) and "Milkmaid" (23) "Beggars" (2) "Daily Bread" (10) and "Abandoned" (4) are sympathetic impressions.

D. G. V.

Women Jailed In Suburbs

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Satyagraha in the Bombay Suburban District was resumed yesterday, when Smt. Sonaben Rao and Smt. Gulabbai Vengurlekar, well-known Congress workers in the Suburban area, shouted anti-war slogans, the former at Vile Parle and the latter at Maravli village near Chembur. Both of them were arrested after they had raised slogans several times.

BOTH CONVICTED

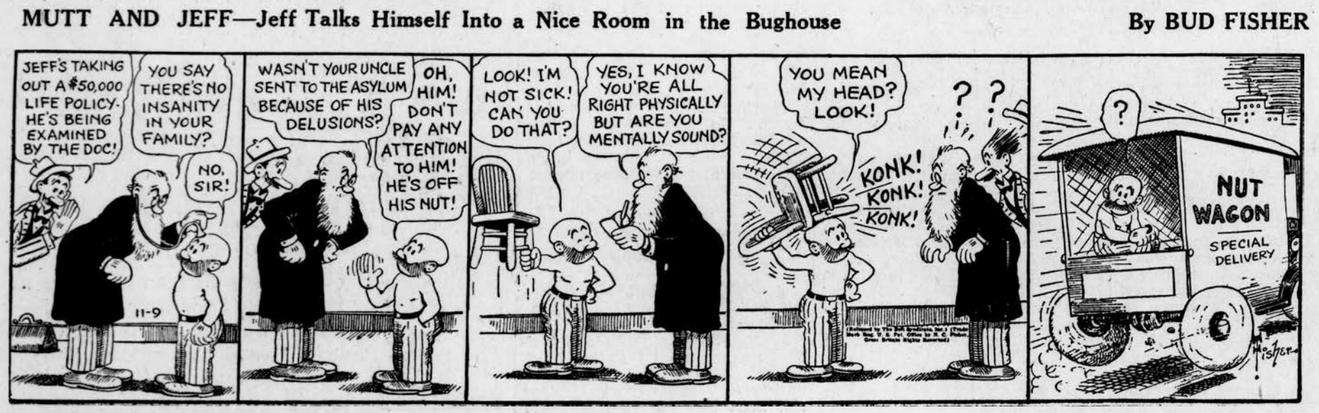
Smt. Sonaben was placed before the First Class Magistrate, Bandra, and sentenced to a day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50, in default, 3 months' simple imprisonment. Smt. Gulabbai Vengurlekar was placed before the First Class Magistrate, Kurla, and sentenced to a day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100, in default two months' simple imprisonment.

On the eve of their offering Satyagraha the two Congress women were given a send-off by residents of Vile Parle and Maravli.

The third Satyagrahi from the Suburban area during March was Mr. Madhav Krishna Deshpande, who was sentenced to-day by the First Class Magistrate, Bandra, to 6 months' simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 95, in default, one month's simple imprisonment, for offering Satyagraha at Bandra.

The next Satyagrahi namely, Mr. Namdeo N. Vesawekar proposes to offer Satyagraha at Versova at 9 a.m. to-day (Wednesday).

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Talks Himself Into a Nice Room in the Bughouse — By BUD FISHER


JEFF'S TAKING OUT A $50,000 LIFE POLICY. HE'S BEING EXAMINED BY THE DOC!
YOU SAY THERE'S NO INSANITY IN YOUR FAMILY?
NO, SIR!
11-9
WASN'T YOUR UNCLE SENT TO THE ASYLUM BECAUSE OF HIS DELUSIONS?
OH, HIM! DON'T PAY ANY ATTENTION TO HIM! HE'S OFF HIS NUT!
LOOK! I'M NOT SICK! CAN YOU DO THAT?
YES, I KNOW YOU'RE ALL RIGHT PHYSICALLY BUT ARE YOU MENTALLY SOUND?
YOU MEAN MY HEAD? LOOK!
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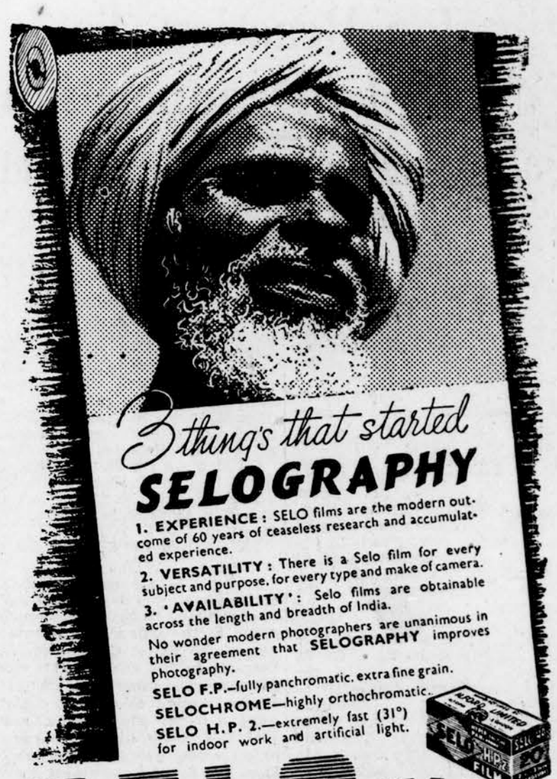
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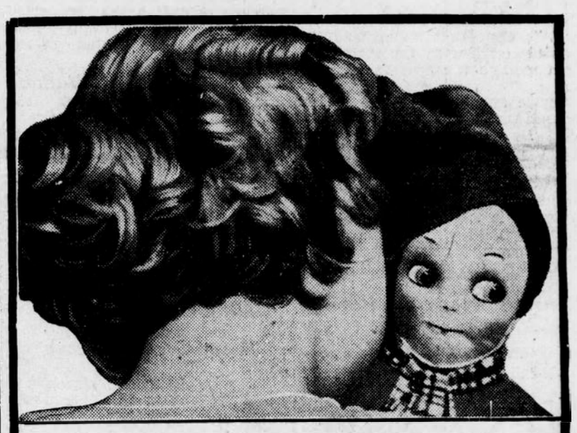
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British To The Teeth

MACLEANS REGD. PEROXIDE TOOTH PASTE

35

Appeal To Privy Council

Madras Legislature's Powers To Enact Peasants' Relief Act

NEW DELHI, March 4.

An application was filed before the Federal Court to-day by Mr. Banerjee, Agent of the Court, on behalf of Mr. Subramanya Chettiyar, for the Court's leave to appeal to the Privy Council against its decision holding that the Madras Agriculturists Relief Act was "intra vires" of the Provincial legislature.

The applicant bases his application on the fact that the Judges of the Federal Court differed among themselves, Sir Shah Sulaiman holding the Act 'ultra vires' and that Sir Maurice Gwyer and Sir Varadachariar differed from unanimous full bench decisions of Patna and Madras High Courts.

This is the first case in which the question of the powers of legislatures is sought to be taken to the Privy Council.—A. P.

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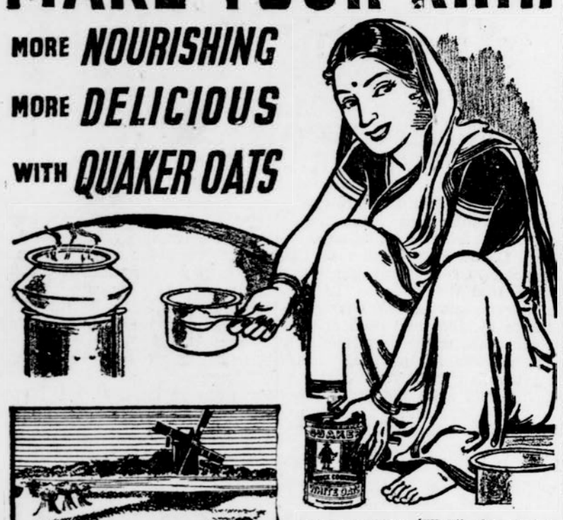

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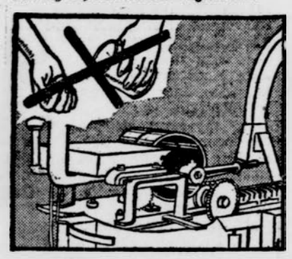

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QUAKER OATS

Why Should Indians Pay Without A Voice In It?

(Continued from Page 10)

Similarly, the boundaries of India should be properly determined.

As for the taxation proposals, Sir Abdul Halim claimed that the Excess Profits Tax would seriously affect the industrial development of India. To-day they were entitled to get only ten per cent. of profits.

Mr. Sheehy:—Twelve per cent. and you can get more if you prove your case.

Sir Abdul Halim:—How can we get more than 12 per cent?

Sir Jeremy Raisman:—Read the Act.

DUTY ON ARTIFICIAL PIECEGOODS

Sir Abdul Halim urged the Government to raise money for war purposes by borrowing and also to take steps to plan out post-war reconstruction from now. He thanked the Finance Member for placing an import duty on artificial yarn but claimed that unless a similar duty was placed on artificial piecegoods, it would not be of much use to Indian industry.

Maulana Zafar Ali said that India had already reached her maximum taxable capacity and could not bear fresh taxation. If the Government were going to meet Rs. 13 crores by borrowing they could just as well meet the balance of seven crores by borrowing as well. He wanted the removal of the proposed duties on artificial yarn and matches.—A. P.

Dr. Bannerji claimed that the additional taxation in 1941-42 amounted to Rs. 31 crores, including nine crores from excess profits tax, six and a half crores from enhanced railway rates and fares, three crores from surcharges on sugar, petrol and posts and telegraphs, six crores from sur-charges on Income-tax and six and a half crores from additional taxation in the budget. He particularly objected to increased tax on matches and the proposed excise duty on tyres and tubes, both of which he said should be withdrawn. He also pleaded that incomes below Rs. 5,000 should be exempted from income tax. This would create a further deficit of Rs. 175 lakhs, which the Speaker advised should be met by borrowing.

Sir Henry Gidney offering to the Finance Member a bouquet which he claimed had no thorns.

Dr. Dalal suggested that no section of the community should be exempt from contributing its share in view of the present grave emergency and he, therefore advocated an increase of the salt duty from Rs. 1-9-0 to Rs. 2-8-0 per maund, a tax on bicycles and lowering the income-tax limit from Rs. 2,000 to Rs. 1,000, also discontinuance for the duration of war all transfers of Government servants except for the most cogent reasons.

ANNUAL "ECLIPSE"

Mr. Umaraly Shah thought the annual budget came every year as an eclipse. Objecting to the new taxation proposals, he recalled that when Aurangzeb put on the Jazia tax, the whole country rose against it. Where was that India now, he asked. The country was certainly ready to sacrince by way of contributions provided it had real power.

RIGHT MOMENT FOR TAXING

Mr. Chapman Mortimer emphasised that this was the right time for additional taxation for the prosecution of the war.

With regard to the suggestion that the deficit should be met by loans, Mr. Mortimer said that that course would merely "postpone the evil day"

He supported the suggestion of Dr. Zia-ud-din that there should be control over prices. He wanted therefore an assurance from the Finance Member that the Government attached the greatest importance to this matter.

INDIA MUST HAVE A VOICE

Sardar Sant Singh emphasised that if the war must be financed by the people of India, then the people of India must have a voice in the control of war expenditure. This was the grievance which was responsible for the political deadlock in India. In fact, said the Speaker, with the growth of the military expenditure there was growth of Military Rule over India. At present it was the Military Rule which was crushing the political life of the country. They wanted an assurance from the Finance Member that the money raised by Government would be used for the aggrandisement of some people.

The Assembly had asked for the control of this expenditure by a Committee of elected members of the House at the beginning of the war, he continued, but the Government did not pay any heed to their request. He could not understand why the request was being ignored.

Sardar Sant Singh complained that the Board of Trade had over-ruled the Government of India in the matter of encouraging industries in this country. He asked why seven dockyards were built in Australia as against none in this country.

Was not the aeroplane factory being set up in this country by the promoter at his own expense? He asked.

The Finance Member intervening said that the Government had placed with this factory a large order, the value of which was much more than the capital invested.

Sardar Sant Singh expressed satisfaction that encouragement was being given to this industry.

He complained that Government was not doing anything to raise the prices of wheat, oilseeds, cotton and other agricultural products.

Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar: "Is there surplus wheat?"

Sardar Sant Singh: "Then why is the price of wheat going down?" He said that while the agriculturists were being made to pay higher prices for cloth and other necessities of life they were not getting higher prices for their produce.

He asked for a definite assurance that steps would be taken to see that the retail price of matches did not increase. As regards the duty on tyres and tubes, he declared that without an equivalent duty on imported tyres and tubes, it would affect the rubber industry in this country. He asked that those who profited by the large increase in the activities of the Supply Department should be taxed adequately. Precautions should be taken, he said, to avoid dislocation of the Indian Money Market arising from the sterling repatriation operations.

PLEA FOR WAR ADVISORY COUNCIL

Seth B. Baijnath Bajoria stressing the need of popular control over the defence expenditure urged the immediate establishment of a War Advisory Council.

Mr. Hossainbhai Lalji asserted that high rates of Income-Tax, Super-Tax and Excess Profits Tax would not leave much capital to start new industries. "A day will come when the Government will not be able to get money on present terms, if they continued their present policy."

Mr. H. Lalji advocated the financing of war by borrowing as, he said, the war was not being fought for the present generation only but also for posterity.

He urged that the Government should force the manufacturers of matches to reduce prices and not exploit the consumer under the guise of additional taxation.

RAISMAN'S REPLY.

Sir Jeremy Raisman replying to the debate said in the United Kingdom, only about a third of the total war expenditure was met by taxation and the rest was met by borrowing. Supposing, he went on, the total normal expenditure in a country was of the order of a hundred crores, and the country was involved in a small war costing some additional ten crores, there was no reason why the additional ten crores should not be met by taxation in the ordinary course. But if the war budget was twice or thrice the size of the normal budget, it was impossible to meet it by taxation.

In the conditions of India today, he went on, there were obvious factors operating to increase the income of important taxable classes, and it would be a serious dereliction of duty to refrain from levying on those classes taxation as a current contribution to the cost of war.

Referring to the arguments advanced by the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce against the increase in the Excess Profits Tax, the Finance Member commented that the case as presented by the Federation was overstated and that the effect on industry and business was not likely to be as serious or as detrimental as they would have us believe.

DUTY ON MATCHES.

Referring to the doubling of the Excise Duty on matches, Sir Jeremy Raisman said: "I recognise that it is an important responsibility of Government in relation to the tax to ensure that the consumer is not exploited under the guise of increased taxation and some measure of price control may be necessary." (Cheers).

There was, he declared, no case for protection for art silk yarn and thread, and in any case, it had to be investigated in a proper manner and could not be disposed of in a casual way in the course of a taxation measure.

In regard to the repatriation scheme, some speakers had expressed anxiety as to whether the

Assembly Questions

INDIAN PRISONERS OF WAR IN GERMANY

Express Satisfaction Regarding Treatment, Says Ogilvie

NEW DELHI, March 4.

In the Assembly to-day Mr. G. V. Deshmukh asked Government to supply a statement showing the allowance and accommodation received by Italian prisoners of war in India and Indian prisoners of war in Sudan and France.

Mr. C. M. G. Ogilvie in reply said: "The treatment of both Italian and Indian prisoners of war is governed by the International Convention relative to the treatment of prisoners of war signed in Geneva in 1929 which has been ratified by India, Germany and Italy.

In accordance with the convention, the prisoners of war are required to be lodged in buildings or huts with all possible safeguards as regards hygiene and salubrity. Captured officers are entitled to the rates of pay of equivalent ranks in the armed forces of the capturing power or to the pay they have been receiving before being captured whichever is less.

Non-commissioned officers and other ranks receive free rations as issued to the depot troops of the detaining power and the messing allowance of three and a half annas per day but no pay. These conditions are being fulfilled by His Majesty's Government in respect of Italian prisoners of war. We have no reason to believe that Indian prisoners of war are being differently treated."

Mr. Ogilvie in reply to a supplementary question said that he had recently seen three or four private letters from Indian prisoners of war in Germany who had expressed satisfaction regarding the treatment meted out to them.—A. P.

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rations might lead to stringency of the money market and to deflation. We have obviously an important interest in keeping money cheap. It is, therefore, not likely that we would so act as to make money dear either for industry and commerce or for ourselves. That is only a matter of enlightened self-interest. (Hear, hear).

Mr. Chapman Mortimer had asked for an assurance in regard to stability of prices. "I can assure him", said the Finance Member, "that that is a matter of constant concern to the Government and it is one which my honourable colleague the Commerce Member as well as myself are not likely to overlook".

GIFTS WON'T SUFFICE.

Dwelling upon the question of voluntary donations in relation to loans to finance war effort, the Finance Member said he did not wish to be understood as discouraging the magnificent efforts made in connection with gifts; but it was clear that the sums which had to be raised in connection with a war of this magnitude were sums, which could not be adequately dealt with by the method of gifts. He considered that the stage had been reached at which it was desirable that the question of loans and investments and the question of savings should perhaps occupy a more prominent place in the activities of workers on behalf of war effort than the question of gifts.

WORK AND FRUGALITY.

On the question of the "new frugality" he said he was not in a position to make a considered statement on behalf of Government; but giving his own reactions he suggested that from the moral point of view, if an individual felt he would rather refrain from the consumption of particular articles during the war, then he might do so, regardless of any particular economic effect.

Sir Frederick James intervening pointed out that so far as imports from the United Kingdom were concerned, there was a much clear duty before the individual but when it came to articles imported from other countries there was some doubt.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir asked whether the people concerned with the question were not a small number.

Sir Jeremy Raisman said the number of people affected was undoubtedly small; but since the question had been put to him he was giving his personal reactions. The case mentioned by Sir Frederick James was the kind of case that should be left to Government control.

He concluded by expressing gratitude for the reception given in the House to his budget proposals.

The House adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

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Jinnah For Peace In Sind

Wants Leaguers In Ministry Not To Resign

KARACHI, March 4.

The United Press learns that Mr. M. A. Jinnah has advised the Muslim League Ministers of Sind to continue in office till they are thrown out by the motion of no-confidence by the Opposition, instead of resigning by Friday when the motion will be discussed.

He wants to prove to the world, particularly to Sind, that the Muslim League is for peace and lay the blame on Khan Bahadur Allahbux and the Congress for breaking the present Ministry and hold them responsible for the aftermath.

Interviewed, Mir Bundeh Ali Khan Talpur, the Premier, said that he had not lost the hope and would face the motion.

EXIT THE MUSLIM LEAGUE PIR

Pir Nawab Mukudum Murid Hussain Sajadanashin of Multan whose good offices were requisitioned by the Muslim League to prevent his disciples from voting against the Ministry left Karachi this morning in disgust.

It transpires that four of his disciples swore yesterday that they would not break the Ministry but in the Assembly they voted for admission of the no confidence motion against the Ministry.—United Press.

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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1941

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Why Should Indians Pay Without A Voice In It?

AFTER GIVING NOTICE

Satyagrahis Should Not Leave Their Places

A. I. C. C. Circular To Provincial Committees

BATCHES OF PUNJAB LEADERS HANDCUFFED IN TRANSFER TO LAHORE JAIL

PATNA, March 3.

Congressmen are asked, it is understood, in an All-India Congress Committee circular received by the Provincial Congress, not to leave their usual place of residence after giving intimation to the authorities of their intention to offer Satyagraha.

In this connection it is further understood reports have reached the A. I. C. C. Office of Satyagrahis disappearing from their residences after giving notice, and thereby preventing the authorities from arresting them before the time fixed for Satyagraha.

The circular further asks Congress Satyagrahis not to address any meetings after they have given notice of their intention to offer Satyagraha. Meetings can be addressed, however, by prospective Satyagrahis before they give notice to the authorities.—A. P.

2 CONGRESS WORKERS ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Nagesh Achut Shenoi, Treasurer of the "G" Ward Congress Committee, and Mr. Sanjivarao, a Congress worker, who had been selected by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee for offering Satyagraha this evening, were arrested in the early hours of the morning to-day and taken to Thana for detention.

The next batch of Satyagrahis from Bombay includes Mr. F. M. Pinto, member of the "A" Ward Congress Committee, Mr. Shivlal Dipchand Patwa, member of the "C" Ward Congress Committee, and Mr. Purushottam Vrijlal Mithaiwala, Treasurer of the "C" Ward Congress Committee. They propose to send intimation to the Commissioner of Police to-morrow of their intention to offer Satyagraha in the city on Thursday.

Mr. Madhav Krishna Deshpande, Vice-President of the Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee, was arrested at Bandra this morning for offering Satyagraha.

WIFE OF DURBAR GOPALDAS RELEASED

(From Our Correspondent).

NADIAD, March 3.

Mrs. Bhaktilaxmi Desai, wife of Darbar Gopaldas Desai has been released on the completion of her sentence and has decided to offer Satyagraha again in her native place at Virsad on 12th. She was the first woman Satyagrahi to court imprisonment in Gujarat.

Mr. Ratanji Khandubhai Desai, of Borsad, had been sentenced to six months' S.I. and was placed in "B" Class. Mr. Manibhai Dahyabhai Patel was sentenced to six months' S. I. and was placed in "B" Class. Mr. Ramanbhai Bhailalbhai was sentenced till rising of the court and Rs. 200/- fine. Other two Satyagrahis Messrs. Naranbhai and Punambhai will be tried on Tuesday next.

Moreover, Mr. Khusalbhai Kalidas of Bakrol (Baroda State); Mr Motibhai Bapujee and Mr. Amulakh Dahyabhai Patel have been arrested to-day for shouting anti-war slogans.

Mr. Jayantilal Vallabhbhai Patel of Dhundhkuwa; Sikh Leader Sardar Tarasihjee Nihalsihjee of Asodra; Ishverbhai Purushottam of Bodal and Ambalal Gopaljee of Pamol will offer Satyagraha on 4th, 10th and last two on 12th instant respectively.

Arrested In Ahmedabad Village

AHMEDABAD, March 4.

Mr. Govindbhai Dahyabhai Patel was arrested to-day at Bareja village in Ahmedabad district, while shouting anti-war slogans.—A. P.

Woman M.L.A. Released

(From A Correspondent.)

BELGAUM, (By Mail.)

Mrs. Nagamma Patil, M. L. A., the first woman Satyagrahi from Karnatak was released from Hindalaga Jail on Saturday morning, after serving out her sentence of three months. Immediately on her release, Mrs. Nagamma drove to the Harijan quarters at Belagundi where Miss Indutai Gunaji has been carrying on village uplift work.

Addressing the Harijans of Belagundi, who had gathered to receive her, Mrs. Nagamma said that she was always willing to re-enter jail whenever called upon by Gandhiji to do so. For the present she only thought of her Harijan work. Gandhiji had said only the other day that his Swaraj was the Swaraj of the lowest and the downtrodden. In one word, Swaraj for India meant in the first place Swaraj for the Harijans.

In the afternoon Mrs. Patil interviewed her husband Sardar Veeranagouda Patil, who is a detenu in Hindalaga Jail.

CONVICTED AT WARDHA

WARDHAGANJ, March 4.

Mr. Madhavrao Thakre, Vice-President of the Wardha Town Congress Committee, was sentenced to 6 months' rigorous imprisonment for offering Satyagraha.—United Press.

Satyamurthi In Madras Hospital

MADRAS, March 4.

Mr. S. Satyamurthi, who was brought to Madras this morning from Trichinopoly Central Jail, has been admitted in the General Hospital to-day and kept in a special ward. He will be in the hospital for some days for observation. Lt.-Col. G. R. McRobert, Superintendent of the General Hospital examined him. It is stated that Mr. Satyamurthi has been keeping indifferent health for some time past, having sleepless nights and that he has lost six pounds in weight during the last two months.—A. P.

Somayajulu Jailed

MADRAS, March 4.

Mr. M. Somayajulu was sentenced by the Chief Presidency Magistrate to one month's rigorous imprisonment for offering Satyagraha by shouting anti-war slogans in the city this morning.—A. P.

District Board Chief Jailed

TRICHINOPOLY, March 3.

Mr. P Ponnambala Gounder, President, Trichy District Board and President of the District Congress Committee, who was arrested in connection with Satyagraha was convicted to-day by the Joint Magistrate, Karpur, under the Defence of India Rules and sentenced to five months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000. He has been placed in "B" class.—A. P.

EX-MINISTER'S WIFE SENTENCED

NELLORE, March 4.

Srimathi Bezwada Lakshmikantam, wife of Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, ex-Minister, who offered Satyagraha to-day at Nellore was arrested and sentenced to three months' simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500, in default, further three months' imprisonment.—A. P.

16 Almora Satyagrahis Arrested And Sentenced

ALMORA, March 3.

Sixteen Satyagrahis were arrested in connection with the Satyagraha movement in the district of Almora on Friday and Saturday last. Six more Satyagrahis were arrested and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment at Almora and Ranikhet under the Defence of India Rules —A. P.

Ten Congressmen Jailed

ALLAHABAD, March 4.

Ten Congress workers, including an advocate, Mr. Parmanand Sinha, and ex-Honorary Magistrate, Mr. Jagannath Prasad, were sentenced under the Defence of India Rules to various terms of R. I. from one year to eighteen months and in some cases fines ranging from Rs. 50 to 200.

Mr. E. D. Mukerji, another lawyer, was sentenced to one year's R. I. and a fine of Rs. 100 or in default further three months.—A. P.

Harijan Women Jailed

LUCKNOW, March 4.

Mrs. Savitri Dwivedi and two other Harijan women, who offered Satyagraha on February 20 at village Bharosa in Kakori Mandal were sentenced to three months' S. I. and a fine of Rs. 15 each by the City Magistrate of Lucknow yesterday.—A. P.

Dr. Parshotamlal Gets 1 Year's R. I.

MULTAN, March 4.

Dr. Parshotamlal, Vice-President of the Multan Congress Committee was sentenced, under the Defence of India Rules, by the Additional District Magistrate, to one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500/- in default, further three months rigorous imprisonment.—A. P.

Sardar P. Prem Gets 18 Months' R. I.

SARGODHA, March 4.

Sardar Premsingh Prem, who was recently arrested at Amritsar, under the Defence of India Rules, for a speech at Sargodha, was sentenced by the Additional District Magistrate to one and a half year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50, in default, to undergo further six months' imprisonment.—A. P.

Congress Committees Dissolved

MADRAS, March 4.

In pursuance of the instructions issued by the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, the Madras District (Andhra) Congress Committee along with five circle committees and forty Sabhas in the district has been dissolved.—A. P.

KHURSHIDBEN RELEASED

Ordered To Quit Frontier And Stay In Bombay

PESHAWAR, March 4.

Miss Khurshidben, granddaughter of the late Dadabhoy Naoroji, was released to-day from the Peshawar Central Jail on the expiry of her term of three months' simple imprisonment. She was immediately served with a notice on behalf of the Government of India under the Defence of India Rules directing her to remain in Bombay Presidency.

Miss Khurshidben left for Bombay by the Frontier Mail under a Police escort. Abdul Wali Khan, son of Khan Abdul Ghaffar and Mohammed Yunus, who were at the station, saw her off.

Khurshidben, it will be recalled offered satyagraha on Lannu border by crossing into Waziristan on a preaching mission three months ago.—A. P.

Handcuffs On Congress Leaders

GUJARAT (Punjab), Mar. 4.

Mian Iftikhar-ud-din, M.L.A. President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, Sardar Pratap Singh, M.L.A., General Secretary of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, Dr. Choithram Gidwani, President of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee, Ghazi Muhmmad Hussain, Mr. Prakash Dev, Lala Dev Raj Sethi, M.L.A., Mr. Bakshi Ram and Prof. Rattan Lal Bhatia have been brought here from Lahore under police escort. They were all handcuffed in both hands.

YET MORE HANDCUFFS

Panda Sant Ram, ex-President of the Lahore City Congress Committee, Lala Jagannath, Advocate, President of the Moga Bar Association, Mr. Bensrai Dass, President of the Sialkot District Congress Committee, Sardar Amar Singh, General Secretary of the Jhang Congress Committee have also been brought here from the Ferozepur Jail. They were hand-cuffed in one hand.

Lala Jagannath is placed in 'A' class and the rest in 'B' class.—United Press.

"Our War Effort Is To Knit Stockings"

SIR COWASJI'S PLAIN-SPEAKING; ZIAUDDIN AND GHAZNAVI WANT PLANNING FOR POST-WAR RECONSTRUCTION

NEW DELHI, March 4.

The Assembly held general discussion on the Budget to-day.

Mr. L. C. Buss, Leader of the European Group, opening the debate said that viewed against the background of the war the Finance Member had been able to present what might be termed a very favourable picture. Running through the Budget was a vein of solid achievement in having kept essential expenditure well under control. His Group took no exception to the additional direct taxation. "If," he said, "the money is to be wisely spent in the prosecution of the war, we accept the burden, and would indeed accept a heavier burden, with a lively recognition of the fact that whatever may be asked of us here is almost negligible compared with what our brothers and sisters overseas are being called upon to bear."

THEORIES EXPLODED

Sir Ziauddin Ahmad said that as one who often criticised the Government, he was glad he could honestly congratulate the Finance Member and with him the Reserve Bank authorities on the soundness of the country's finances. He referred to the issue of one rupee notes and said that although the claim that the note was really a coin was not convincing to him, he acknowledged that the notes had proved beneficial. The Finance Member had by experience been proved to be right and the theories of political economists wrong. A number of other economic theories had likewise been proved to be wrong, Sir Ziauddin went on, such as the dictum that the prosperity of a country depended on its balance of trade or on the stability of its currency. Time had exploded these theories.

PLANNING FOR POST-WAR!

Sir Ziauddin commented on the policy of taxation now followed as a timid one. He thought, however, it would have been more straightforward of the Railway Member to have made it clear that the increase in rates and fares on the railways, also in post and telegraph and telephone charges, was for war purposes and to have earmarked the proceeds of the increase for the prosecution of war, so that when war was over we could come back to normal.

PROFITTEERING IN MATCHES.

Referring to the doubling of the duty on matches, he pointed out that as soon as the proposal was announced the market price had doubled itself. He suggested that the Government should have calculated a fair selling price with the additional duty, and should have taken steps to see that that sale price and no more ruled in the market. By that means profiteering could have been stopped.

SIR COWASJI'S CONFESSION

Both Sir Cowasji Jehangir and Sir Abdul Halim Ghaznavi referred to the absence of the Congress party from the Assembly and said that thanks to Mahatma Gandhi, public men who could have provided a check on Governmental activities were in jail. Sir Cowasji said, "The fact remains that very few non-official Indians are associated with the war effort. We are called upon to subscribe to war loans and contribute to war funds and knit stockings, but nothing more".

Sir Cowasji wanted definite assurances from the Finance Member that India was making her maximum war effort and that India was getting full value for her money, that posts were not created merely for men to occupy them, that there was real and effective control over expenditure.

INDIA AND BRITAIN

Sir Cowasji next referred to the argument in which a comparison was made of England and India. He said that with the exception that both India and Great Britain were engaged in a life and death struggle there was no comparison between the two countries. "Is there any comparison between the two countries", he asked, "in regard to the control of the legislature over the executive or in regard to the capacity of Great Britain to bear burdens, or the stability of her industries"

NO RIGHT TO LEVY ADDITIONAL TAXATION

Proceeding, he said that it was futile to balance a war budget. In Great Britain 116 per cent of the deficit was being made from borrowings while in India 18½ per cent of the deficit was being made from loans. From loans raised amounting to Rs. 50 crores Government had repaid and would repay their normal debt amounting to Rs. 30 crores, in spite of the fact that some of the Loans raised now were interest free. He asserted that there was no justification for the Government to levy additional taxation.

TAKE PUBLIC IN CONFIDENCE

Sir Abdul Halim Ghaznavi would not object to additional expenditure on war or defence, but wanted to know that the money amounting to 84 crores now demanded would be spent for Defence purposes. He also wanted an assurance that the Government would only enter into such commitments which were solely in the interests of India. He also wanted the Government to take the public into confidence in regard to the apportionment of the share of Great Britain and India on account of Defence and war.

(Continued on page 9. Col. 3

Congress M. L. C.s Withdraw

Bengal Council Party Leader's Statement

CALCUTTA, March 4.

In accordance with the decision of the All-India Congress Parliamentary Committee Mr. Kamini Kumar Dutt, Leader of the Bengal Congress Council Party, with two other members of the Party, Mr. Sris Chakraborty and Mr. Ranjit Pal Chaudhury, withdrew from the House to-day after making a statement similar to that made by Mr. Kiran Shankar Roy, Leader of the Congress Assembly Party yesterday in the Assembly.

With reference to Mr. Dutt's statement Prof. Humayun Kabir observed:—"Democracy cannot work properly unless there is opposition. Unfortunately the present Cabinet is not inclined, to treat the criticism of the Opposition with that respect which is due to parliamentary opposition".—United Press.

Permission Granted To Bengal Congress Legislators

CALCUTTA, March 4.

The members belonging to the Bengal Congress Parliamentary Party, who have withdrawn from the legislature under directions of the All-India Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee, will, it is learnt, attend the present session of the Legislature only on two occasions. They will be present in the respective houses (Assembly and Council) when the Calcutta Municipal (amendment) Bill, as modified by the Select Committee and the Bengal Secondary Education Bill, now before the Select Committee, will be taken into consideration.

The necessary permission has been secured by Mr. Kiron Shankar Roy, Leader of the Party, from Dr. Rajendra Prasad.—A. P.

Charlie Chan Detective Story Day By Day

ONCE OVER AND UNDER

BANANA BOAT MYSTERY

HOW DO YOU FEEL, MR. RICHTER?
MEDICINE... MEDICINE...
THAT NURSE! WHY DOESN'T SHE HURRY?
FOR PETE'S SAKE-WHAT WAS THAT?
IT WAS A SCREAM-
NIALL..!
YEEEEE
MISS PARRISH! WHAT HAPPENED?
TREVOR! TREVOR! I JUST SAW HIM JUMP OVER THE RAIL!
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